

# RUSSIA LUCKY IN END OF WAR

Her Resources Were Almost Gone...Starvation And Rebellion Among Peasants.

## WANTS PEACE DEFINITELY DECIDED

Roosevelt Is Anxious That The Envoys Sign The Documents At Once--Russian Papers Criticise The Terms.

caused by the tardiness of advices from the capitol, but the fact that the postponement came at a time when every energy was expected to have been bent toward the completion is regarded as significant. It is not believed all the work on the treaty has been suspended and in view of the message sent the President from the Czar it is taken as an indication St. Petersburg will accept the result of Witte's efforts.

**Rockefeller's Dispatch**

Oyster Bay, Aug. 31.—John D. Rockefeller telegraphed President Roosevelt: "Please accept my hearty congratulations on your successful efforts for peace." Franz Josef, Fairbanks and others in this country and others continue to send praise.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 31.—The drafting of the treaty of Portsmouth is proceeding slowly. M. Martens, assisted by Plancon and Pokotloff, the latter Russian Minister to China, and Henry W. Denison, the American adviser of the Japanese foreign office, assisted by Adachi Ochiai.

Under the agreement of the first day of the conference the treaty will be in French and English and the French text will be the official text.

The plan of work is for the treaty makers to make rough drafts of their ideas of what the various clauses should contain.

After the envoys and Martens and Denison compare drafts, make changes, and pound the phraseology into such shape that it is acceptable to both nations. The work is of the utmost importance. This treaty will be the law on which the relations of Russia and Japan will stand in the far east and the position of each country is important.

**Japanese Move Cautiously.**

The Japanese are very painstaking. They work slowly. They scrutinize every word and every punctuation mark. They intend to leave no loophole.

The clause in the treaty relating to the commercial relations of the two countries in all territories affected by the treaty and establishing the most favored nation idea will be but temporary. It is the intention of Russia and Japan to follow this treaty with a commercial treaty, to be drafted later, in which these commercial relations will be fixed in more minute detail than is possible in the peace treaty.

Baron Rosen, the Russian ambassador to this country, made a very significant statement along these lines.

He said that it is the intention of Russia, now that there is to be peace, to cultivate the closest relations with Japan, in the hope of eventually taking the place of England in a Japanese combination.

**Scheme Close to Russia's Heart.**

That is the reason so much care is to be bestowed upon the commercial features of the treaties to be made. This is Russia's idea, not Japan's, perhaps, but the Russians have it very much at heart.

So far as the evacuation of Manchuria is concerned, the treaty will merely recognize and establish the principle. The time of the evacuation will be set by the generals in the field. Nothing has been heard from St. Petersburg or Tokio yet as to the armistice, but that is not strange, as the armistice, when it is declared, will be arranged by the home government. Indeed, there has been a virtual armistice since the negotiations began.

Mr. Sato said that the treaty would be signed in Portsmouth. There is much anxiety among the Portsmouth people lest the envoys would go to Washington or Oyster Bay to sign. The Portsmouth people want the peace treaty to be called the treaty of Portsmouth. There is a plan to have the signing in the historical, weworth house here, or in the old colonial dining-room of the Rockingham hotel.

**President Will Decide.**

It is quite likely that the treaty will be signed wherever the president wants it to be signed. Portsmouth people are planning to ask the president to come here to witness the signing.

A very anomalous situation exists as to the impression created by the conclusion of peace. While the outside world applauds, in Japan there is evidently great disappointment in the terms, and in Russia, where it would seem that there should be universal rejoicing over the great diplomatic victory of Mr. Witte has won, the government seems to have received it coldly.

**Czar's Telegram.**

Oyster Bay, Aug. 31.—The President today received the following from the Czar: "Accept my congratulations for having brought peace negotiations to a successful conclusion, owing to your personal efforts. My country will gracefully recognize the great part you have played in the Portsmouth peace conference."

**Has the Money.**

Chicago, Aug. 31.—Prince Engelbert, the Russian vice consul, and Shibusawa, the Japanese consul, in this city, were informed today that M. de Witte and Baron Komura would likely visit Chicago within two weeks.

**Will Visit Chicago.**

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**Not Suspended.**

Portsmouth, Aug. 31.—It is not certain that the delay in the legal advisors working upon the treaty is



John Bull—Hi have aristocratic tastes, Sammy, even if my clothes are a bit to the bad.

## CHAMPAGNE AND NOT MAPLE SYRUP USED

## SWITZERLAND-SPAIN COMMERCIAL TREATY

## PEACE CONVENTION HELD BY SHAKERS

Battleship Vermont, Named After Dry State, Launched at Quincy, Massachusetts.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Quincy, Mass., August 31.—The Battleship Vermont was launched here today, by having a bottle of champagne broken over the keel by Miss Jennie Bell, daughter of Governor Bell. Much pleasure has appeared in the ripples and among the people, over what should be used for the launching. Maple syrup has been suggested by several editors as Vermont's most typical product, while others said a bottle of hard cider would be the most fitting, for a battleship named for a rural state. The Vermont is a truly beautiful battleship, being of 16,000 horse power, and carrying 16,000 tons, making 18 knots per hour in her trial speed, and cost Uncle Sam the sum of \$4,179,000.

## ASBURY PARK HAS GRAND BABY SHOW

More Than Five Hundred Children of the Elite Compete for Exquisite Prizes.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Asbury Park, N. J., August 31.—The Baby Parade, the grandest affair of the season takes place here today. Over 500 children have been entered for the carnival and a handsome prize has been awarded to the various divisions. The souvenir to be presented by the general committee will be a silver pin plated with gold in the center of which is a baby floating in the water, with a sunrise as the background. The words, "Asbury Park Baby Parade, 1905" surround it. Some of the other prizes include cups valued at \$100 each. One of the first children entered was little Miss Ruth Wells, of New York, who is an expert fancy dancer.

## REPUBLIC OF PANAMA TO HAVE NATIONAL THEATRE

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Washington, D. C., August 31.—The small Republic of Panama is to have a national theatre at its capital, the City of Panama. Bills are to be received from today on and five days from this date.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Berlin, August 31.—It was learned here that negotiations have been practically completed for the listing of Pennsylvania securities on several German stock exchanges. Word was received in this city that this effect will shortly take place. Among those who have been instrumental in securing a market in Germany for Pennsylvania securities is Kuhn, Loeb and Co., bankers of New York.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Harrison, Ark., Aug. 31.—State Attorney General Robert Rogers, candidate for governor, called upon Governor Jeff Davis, the candidate for the United States senate, in this city this morning and told him if he attacked his private character when the two speak at Grinnellville today, he (Rogers) would kill him.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Newport, Wash., Aug. 31.—Fire destroyed \$5 million feet of lumber and twenty-five houses at Priest River, Idaho. The loss is three hundred thousand dollars.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Nothing has been learned of the whereabouts of Carl Biedert, who disappeared from his home at Algoma Saturday night. It is feared that he is dead. One slipper was found at the lake side.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

New York, August 31.—The United States Corporation has declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1% per cent on its preferred stock to all stockholders.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

With the people it will make M.

(Continued on Page 8.)

Read the Want Ads.

Want ads—3 lines 3 times, 25¢.

# PLACES BLAME ON OFFICERS

Governor Vardmann Makes Serious Accusations Against The New Orleans Men.

## DID THEY CONCEAL FEVER CASES?

Mississippi Executive Says The Scourge Reached His State Through Gross Carelessness On Part Of Health Officer.

### RECORD OF FEVER EPIDEMIC.

New deaths .....	4
Total deaths to date .....	297
New cases .....	46
Total cases to date .....	2,174
New subfoci .....	13
Total subfoci to date .....	452

New Orleans, La., Aug. 31.—Health officials here have been accused by Gov. Vardmann of Mississippi of being responsible, through bad faith, for the entrance of yellow fever into Gulfport, Miss. He declares the cases there went from Mississippi City, and reached that place from New Orleans before the quarantine was put on. The governor declares the New Orleans officials concealed the fever and failed to inform the Mississippi officials of its existence.

A controversy of large proportions is expected to follow to the governor's charges in the attempt to discover who is culpable. The cases at Vicksburg and Natchez also will come under the

heat of those said to have had their origin here.

**Two Doctors Have Hard Task.**

Dr. C. M. Shanley of North Dakota and Dr. W. M. Richard of this city have left for Barataria to stamp out the fever. They will have charge of a forty-mile strip, and their task will perhaps be more difficult than that of any of the fever fighters except the two who are at Levee. Nurses and provisions were taken along.

**Ex-Mayer, Minus Permit, Arrested.**

Cairo, Ill., Aug. 31.—N. B. Thistlewood, formerly mayor of Cairo and later released, for entering Cairo without a health department permit. Capt. Thistlewood is in business in Cairo and lives at Meads, coming here each morning. He had been offered a permit, but refused it, saying that no one had a right to prevent his entering without one, regardless of the yellow fever quarantine.

## MOROCCO MUST PAY A LARGE INDEMNITY

## JANESVILLE MAN IS MARRIED WEDNESDAY

France is Not Satisfied with Mere Release of the Algerian Prisoner.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Paris, Aug. 31.—It is announced the government is to demand an apology and indemnity from Morocco for the imprisonment of the Algerian subject, Bouaz. Bouaz's simple release is not satisfactory.

**TAFT PARTY ON RETURN FROM THE PHILIPPINES**

Philippines, August 31.—Secretary of War Taft and party left here today on their way home to Washington. They all report having had the time of their lives while here, and are sorry to leave. Miss Roosevelt is not decided whether to go to China or not. Most probably she will not go this time.

### SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

C. D. Crawford, sentenced to be hanged for the murder of Heino Lundeen in Sherburne county, Minnesota, was given a stay of execution by the supreme court of Minnesota yesterday.

The next meeting of the Southern Educational association is to be held jointly with the Association of Colleges in Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 22-23. A full attendance is expected and an interesting program is being arranged.

Charles E. Shively, supreme chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, has called a meeting of the supreme body to determine whether the biennial conclave and encampment shall be held at New Orleans next year as decided at the Louisville, Ky., meeting. The proposal is due to the yellow fever epidemic. New Orleans knights are insisting on a speedy decision.

Mrs. Gertrude Bentley, wife of former City Detective William Bentley of Lincoln, Neb., committed suicide at her home by taking chloroform. Her action was deliberate seeming; as she telephoned her husband concerning the disposition of her effects. She reached home with a doctor too late to save her. Fear of lingering illness and death from consumption is the cause assigned for her act. Mrs. Bentley was a niece of ex-Governor Durbin of Indiana.

Among the passengers reaching New York on the Oceanic yesterday was Chief Justice Fuller of the United States supreme court.

Major General Leonard Wood and Mrs. Wood sailed on the steamship Teutonic yesterday for Liverpool, intending to proceed thence to the Philippines.

Dr. Gottfried Zoepfl, commercial attaché of the German foreign office, who has been studying the best method for increasing German trade in the South and Central American republics, will leave Lima today for Mexico and from there will go to New York.

Vice President Fairbanks and Mrs. Fairbanks passed through Watertown, N. Y., yesterday on route from the Thousand Islands for Sackets Harbor, where they will be the guests of former Secretary of State John W. Foster, at his cottage on Lake Ontario.

Father Fidelis, C. P., was elected provincial of the Passionist monasteries in the United States at yesterday's session of the triennial chapter of the order, now meeting in Pittsburgh. The new provincial was late master of novices at the Pittsburgh monastery. He was known in the world as James Kent Stone.

Curtis Halstead of Deloit has given in the Baptist Home Mission society, with offices in Chicago, \$9,000. Mr. Halstead is a retired farmer, and the gift represents the largest portion of his wealth.

Buy it in Janesville.

## MRS. TAGGART SAYS MINER JOLLIED HER

At His Dinner He Complimented Her on Her Beauty and Great Wit.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Wooster, Aug. 31.—When cross-examined, Mrs. Taggart this morning said the extravagant compliments paid to her by General Miner at his dinner party made her blush. She said: "The general's compliments were on my personal appearance, beauty and my gown and were only for jolling me, and I could not help being embarrassed. On the way home the captain said, 'My, but Miner must have shot a lot of hot air into you.' My husband was more of a 'jollier' than Miner." She again denied she had smoked cigarettes, although Fleet, Postscript, has previously testified he saw her smoke.

Curtis Halstead of Deloit has given in the Baptist Home Mission society, with offices in Chicago, \$9,000. Mr. Halstead is a retired farmer, and the gift represents the largest portion of his wealth.

Buy it in Janesville.

## MAY CIRCULATE FREE MAGAZINES

PUBLIC LIBRARY MAY GIVE OUT  
PERIODICALS AS BOOKS.

### BOARD WILL PASS ON PLAN

Many New Books on Shelves—Review of Reading Anticipated—A New Apprentice.

Possibly before November first current magazines of "prominence" will be circulated from the Janesville Public Library to its patrons as books are now given out. The periodicals would be bound in covers made particularly for such a purpose and would be allowed to leave the institution only on a card for a limited space of time. This system has been tried in other cities and found very successful, being satisfactory to those in charge and greatly appreciated by those benefited.

#### Board to Discuss.

The plan will be laid before the Library Board at the meeting early in September, to be discussed and passed upon. If the idea meets with approval, as it is thought it will, the system will be instituted as soon as possible. At first but one copy of each magazine will be at the disposal of the public but this number will be increased shortly if results make it advisable. The circulation of periodicals would by no means do away with the reading room and the current copies of this department would not be taken from the tables.

#### More Books Drawn.

With the coming arrival of autumn, the commencement of the new school year on Tuesday and resumption of club work among the women before October first, an increase in the number of books drawn is looked for by the librarians. When cool weather comes on and people are compelled to keep indoors more reading naturally is indulged generally. A sudden enlargement in the circulation from the children's room is anticipated for next week and the following few days for early after the re-opening of the schools the pupils will all be given lists of books to read and this "out-side" study is usually entered upon with zest. To assist in the children's room a new apprentice will soon be added to the library corps, Miss Leah Rowe having decided to take the position.

#### Many New Volumes.

During the summer between three and four hundred dollars worth of new books have been added to the library and are now upon the shelves. Among those which have recently been prepared for circulation and are now being drawn are eighty-three, the names of which are in the appended list.

#### Life or Reason—Santayana.

Home, Its Work and Influence—Grimm.

Questions and Phases of Modern Missions—Ellinwood.

Missions and Modern History—Speer.

Great Religions of the World—Giles.

Funds and Their Uses—Cleveland.

Savings and Savings Institutions—Hamilton.

Work of Wall Street—Pratt.

Poverty—Hunter.

Modern Methods of Charity—Henderson.

Legend of the Holy Grail—Baxter.

Correct Writing and Speaking—Jordan.

Recent Development of Physical Science—Whethem.

Taxidermy—Hornaday.

Wasps, Social and Solitary—Peckham.

Nature Biographies—Weed.

Bird Neighbors—Doubleday.

American Toolmaking—Woodworth.

Electrical Transmission of Energy—Abbott.

Art Crafts for Amateurs—Sanford.

Cathedrals of France—Wilson.

How to Draw—Barrett.

How to Look at Pictures—Witt.

Music and Musicians—Lavignac.

Reminiscences of a Dramatic Critic—Clapp.

Theatre and Its People—Fyles.

Toasts and Tributes—Gray.

Luxury of Children—Martin.

In the Days of Shakespeare—Junks.

Plays Pleasant and Unpleasant—Shaw.

Teutonic Legends in the Nibelungen Lied—Sawyer.

Dickens' Country—Kitton.

Thackery Country—Melville.

American Girl in Munich—Daniels.

Across Iceland—Bisker.

Japanese Girls and Women—Bacon.

Japan—Hearn.

Pathfinders of the West—Laut.

Gass Journal of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

Lahontan's Voyages to North America.

Lure of the Labrador Wild—Wallace.

Conquest of the Southwest—Brady.

Letters of Mdlle. Julie De Lespinasse.

American Authors and their Homes—Halsey.

Little Pilgrimages Among the Men Who Have Written Famous Books.

Little Pilgrimages Among the Women Who Have Written Famous Books.

Famous Actresses of the Day—Strang.

Lace Book—Moore.

Art of the Louvre—Potter.

Music Dramas of Wagner—Lavigne.

Two Centuries of Costume in America—Earle.

Cruise—Cruising and Camping—Frazier.

Illustration of Books—Pennell.

Pen Drawing—Maginnis.

American Mural Painting—King.

Alphabets, Old and New—Day.

Fact and Fable in Psychology—Jastrow.

Story of Alchemy—Muir.

Among the Waterfowl—Job.

Field Book of American Wild Flowers—Mathews.

Evolution and Its Relation to Religious Thought—LeConte.

Modern Microscopy—Cross.

Gospel for an Age of Doubt—Van Dyke.

Read the Want Ads.

Buy It in Janesville.

Varieties of Religious Experience—James.

Opening of Tibet—Landon.

Dr. Grenfell's Parish—Duncan.

Literary Geography—Sharp.

Far Eastern Question—Ireland.

Ireland's Story—Johnston.

Physical Culture Life—Bancroft.

How to Sell Stories to Children—Bryant.

Modern Advertising—Calkins.

Our Navy and the Barbary Corsairs—Allen.

Patents—Hutchinson.

Prompt Aid to the Injured—Doty.

American Slave Trade—Spears.

Diary From Dixie—Chestnut.

American Big Game Hunting—Roosevelt.

Autobiography—White.

Woman's Hardy Garden—Bly.

Italian Letters of a Diplomat's Wife—Waddington.

Practical Points in Nursing—Stony.

Art of Study—Hinsdale.

### LINK AND PIN...

News for the Railroad Men.

#### Railway Melange.

New York, August 31.—Although work is being rushed as fast as possible, it will be fully a year before the \$2,000,000 improvements on the Cairo division of the Big Four are completed. Hills are being absolutely taken away and the grade on the road reduced from 3% to 5-10 per cent. This means the cutting down of the grades from 65 feet to the mile to 16 feet or, in other words, the elimination of 49 feet of grade each mile. After this is accomplished, the company can with the locomotives that now draw a train load of 1,200 tons, draw 3,000 tons.

Owing to the pending injunction proceedings instituted by the Southern Pacific, the Louisiana Railroad Commission is not able to make its order on rates effective according to the new crop will be hauled before the case is disposed of. It is expected, the matter is fought through all the courts, it is uncertain when a final decision will be reached. Should the courts finally uphold the tariff of the railroad commission and declare it to be just and equitable, no rebate to the shippers from the date that the commission ordered it to go into effect is possible.

The Big Four expects to have its extension from Danville to Indiana Harbor by which it will get into Chicago over its own tracks, completed by January first, next. From Indiana Harbor Big Four tracks will enter Chicago over the Lake Shore tracks.

Pittsburg roads expect the ore tonnage record will be broken this year. About 20,000,000 tons are yet to be delivered at Lake Erie ports and thence by rail to the furnaces of the United States Steel Corporation.

All the material contracted for will not be shipped over the same line for Japan. About half of the material will be shipped over the Great Northern Railroad to Seattle and the rest will be taken over the Northern Pacific to Tacoma. From these Pacific Coast ports James J. Hill's steamships run weekly to Japan, and the plant will be transported to the Island Empire by these. Yokohamo is the Japanese port to which the material is consigned. As soon as the plant is well on its way across the Pacific, a great fleet of transports will assemble in Yokohamo Bay. A army of dock laborers will be ready to handle the units of the plant and as quickly as it can be transferred from the Pacific steams to the transports, it will be rushed to its destination in Korea, and the line will be extended across the Yalu into the land of contention, Manchuria, with all possible speed.

The New York Central has just completed the telephone line in connection with the Pittsburg & Lake Erie into Pittsburg from Youngstown. The Lake Shore has had the service on all its lines for about six months.

The Oregon navigation announces the joint tariff now in effect on popcorn. The new rate is \$1.00 per hundredweight from Chicago, Missouri, and Mississippi River points as against \$1.50 from the river points and \$1.65 from Chicago, the former tariff.

The Great Northern announces an adjustment of rates on stock that materially benefits Republic, Wash., and district. A considerable sheep grazing industry has developed in the Republic district, but rates have not been quite what the sheepmen desired.

The big fact of course is the dispatch. It appears in the papers all over the world today in company with the messages from Emperor William, King Edward, the Archbishop of Canterbury, and other great potentates and dignitaries of the world. Where the telegram was sent from is undoubtedly a trivial matter. Perhaps, the dispatch itself is not so important, except that it shows that the great democratic leader magnanimously expresses his approval of the course of the Great Republican, thereby making the approval unanimous.

Col. Bryan is shortly to start upon a trip around the world. He told an interviewer at Rockford that he had given eighty Chautauqua addresses this season and received for them an average of \$250. This money will be used to defray the expenses of the trip and next year he hopes to give a new lecture based on his travels.

MADISON PHYSICIAN HAD RIG STOLEN IN BROAD DAYLIGHT.

Local Police Department Requested to Be on Lookout Late Yesterday Afternoon.

Notification was received by the local police department from Madison yesterday to the effect that a horse belonging to Max Sommers and a buggy owned by Dr. J. C. Sommers which had been left in front of the latter's office on East Mifflin street were stolen sometime before 3:30 in the afternoon. The doctor's horse being sick, he had borrowed the one owned by his brother. He did not miss the rig until he left his office to make some calls.

"But we do not expect to stock up with them for at least six weeks. By then they can be handled with little expense and delivered to the consumer with practically all of the delicate flavor they contained at the

time they were brought out of the water."

"Just now we are confining our attention to the genuine Rockaways, for the reason that they are the hardest of the lot. By exercising a little care, packing them with the deep shell down, using them frequently and feeding them occasionally, they may be kept alive out of water for many days. Back east I can remember when some of the old farmers used to get barrels of them at a time. They would pack them away in the cellar with the salt shell up and at intervals they would pour salt water over them, following it up by sprinkling them over with a corn meal batter. The oysters would open their shells and feed on this mixture, which would keep them alive for a long time."

"Practically all of the oysters we get here come from Baltimore and they are forty-eight hours in transit. In the shell or cans they come all right, but I am somewhat prejudiced against the bivalves in bulk. They have to be iced several times on the way and the men who do the work are not any too particular about it. Then there is another objection. The man who first opens the shell waters them, the wholesaler puts in some more and finally the retailer dumps in a few ladlefulls, with the result that they are pretty much all water by the time they get to the consumer."

"Oysters are not plentiful now and they will not be until later in the season, when the law will permit dredging for them. This is the most inexpensive method of securing the mollusks and at the same time, much larger catches may be made. Wind and weather have considerable to do with the success of the oyster fishermen. Just now I am retailing the Rockaways at 20 cents a dozen and it gives me a fair margin of profit, even with the loss off. Those in cans will sell for from 40 to 50 cents a can at the beginning of the season and later they will become cheaper."

#### Seismic Troubles.

Extending from the seventh to the eleventh and central on the ninth is the second storm period which is of a reactionary nature. At this time the regular Vulcan equinox is intensified by the united equinoxes of both Venus and Earth, the Moon being at extreme declination south. On and about the eleventh of September each year, the Earth's equator is nearer the plane of the Sun's north pole, always producing a sensible crisis in the magnetic and electrical state of the Earth and atmosphere. Seismic and volcanic disturbances are always stimulated as the Earth is passing through its annual crisis. High barometer, storms and seismic disturbances will be "down" on, reaching the ninth, tenth and eleventh. More or less such phenomena are almost certain to appear at this time, and yet it is quite possible that such disturbances will be retarded or prolonged, reaching a culminating crisis in the storm period immediately following.

#### A Decided Crisis.

On and, touching the thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth falls the third storm period, which is reactionary. The full force of Earth's autumnal equinox bears upon it, the Venus equinox is still in active force and the Moon is at full and on the celestial equator. As before mentioned, a decided crisis will be reached within forty-eight hours of Wednesday, the thirteenth. The barometer will indicate possible violence and danger, in western section and on the gulf coasts, by six o'clock on the evening of the thirteenth, and heavy storms of rain and thunder will visit the interior generally on the fourteenth and fifteenth. Very high tides, with West India, hurricanes more than probable, will work up from the south and reach the southern waters and coasts of this country at or near this period. Earthquake and similar phenomena will be felt in many extremes of the globe not far from the thirteenth. High barometer and decided change to cooler will follow this period, bringing cold and frosty nights' several succeeding days.

#### Severe Perturbations.

Central on the twenty-first and reaching from the nineteenth to the twenty-third is the fourth, a regular storm period. The Venus influence will extend into this period, the Earth's autumnal equinox being central with the Vulcan period on the twenty-first. The Moon is also at last quarter on the twenty-first and at extreme north declination on the twenty-second. As we reach and enter this period it will grow very warm. About the twentieth to twenty-first the barometer will fall rapidly in western parts, and storms of rain, wind and thunder will pass eastward over the country on the twenty-first, twenty-second and twenty-third.

Equatorial storms will come up from the south at this time, and counter storms will meet them out of the northwest, making a period of general and severe perturbations, but not bringing the decided, autumnal changes to be expected the last few days of the month.

#### Period of Danger.

The fifth storm period, reactionary, is on the twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth and twenty-ninth. The Moon being new, on the equator and in perigee so near the autumnal equinox makes this period one of danger, especially on the Gulf and Atlantic. Tidal waves, West India and severe inland storms and earthquakes are probable the last of September.

DIVORCED BROADHEAD COUPLE RE-MARRIED AT ROCKFORD.

Local Police Department Requested to Be on Lookout Late Yesterday Afternoon.

"We will have oysters for sale on Sept. 1 and in fact we have them to day and have been handling them for a week or more," asserted one local dealer.

"But we do not expect to stock up with them for at least six weeks. By then they can be handled with

little expense and delivered to the

consumer with practically all of the

delicate flavor they contained at the

time they were brought out of the

water."

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## OUR SYSTEM OF BOOKKEEPING.

Some people consider that the bookkeeping taught in ALL business colleges is alike—superficial and of no practical value in the business office. While this opinion may be true in some cases, and especially in low-grade business colleges who employ cheap, inexperienced teachers, we wish it distinctly understood that the System of Bookkeeping and Accounting taught in the SOUTHERN WISCONSIN BUSINESS COLLEGE does not belong to this superficial and unpractical kind. This subject is

### Taught By a Teacher Who is An Expert Accountant,

who has had practical experience as an auditor of Banks and Mercantile concerns, has adjusted deranged books, and installed new systems of accounting suitable to the particular business.

## OUR GRADUATES ARE BOOKKEEPERS.

They are holding some of the best positions in some of the best firms of the country. They have been able to install systems of accounting suitable to the business in which they are employed. There is no class of modern bookkeeping with which our graduates are not familiar.

### We Do Not Confine Our Teaching to Any One Book or System.

## OUR SYSTEM OF SHORTHAND

is equally up-to-date. Ask employers in our city and elsewhere how our graduates stenographers acquit themselves. WE MEET THE DEMAND OF THE BUSINESS WORLD because the work is

### TAUGHT BY A PRACTICAL TEACHER AND SHORTHAND WRITER.

### Now is the Time to Begin. Day and Evening Sessions

Students may select such subjects as they desire to take. Students, business men and all who are interested in thorough, up-to-date business training, are specially invited to call and investigate our methods and systems thoroughly.

### FALL TERM OPENS SEPTEMBER 5TH.

This is the best time to enter.

## SOUTHERN WISCONSIN BUSINESS COLLEGE

DALE & GOUGH, Proprietors, - JANESEVILLE, WIS.

## WANT ADS.

**WANTED**—Girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. David Atwood, 114 Park Place.

**WANTED**—Girl for general housework, etc. Sept. 1st. Inquire of H. H. Bliss, 8 Gazette office.

**WANTED**—Boarders. Inquiry at 38 Washington St. Telephone 3432, Wausau.

**WANTED**—A competent girl. Must be a good cook. No washing, ironing or sweeping. Palmer Memorial Hospital.

**WANTED**—Three or four nicely furnished rooms in good location; young couple; light housekeeping. Now phone 332.

**WANTED**—From Oct. 1st. A 1 or 3-room house within walking distance of the Jeffries office. Add your address. Janeville Sun and Daily.

**WANTED**—A good boy to work on a milk wagon at 223 S. Bluff St. between 6 and 7 p.m.

**WANTED**—A girl for general housework. Mrs. H. D. Hoover, Forest Park.

**WANTED**—A housekeeper immediately. Also, first class girls for private housework. Also, two girls, Mrs. E. L. Smith, 270 W. Milwaukee St., both phoners.

**WANTED**—Good reliable man for conductors and motormen. Willing to receive from \$10 to \$15 per month according to pay per hour. Experience not necessary. Address Box B, Gazette.

**WANTED**—Agents: ladies or cents. Salary or commission; five lines. Call for Mr. Minko. Railroad Hotel.

**WANTED**—A dining room girl. Myers Hotel.

**WANTED**—Men to distribute samples daily; steady; no canvassing. "Oliver" 108 38th St., Chicago.

**WANTED** TO RENT—A Smith-Premier typewriter. Address S. P. Gars, Gazette.

**WANTED**—A woman to iron and press underwear. Sunday employment; good wages. Lewis Knitting Co.

**WANTED**—A girl at O. F. Piero's lunch room, 11 N. Academy street.

**WANTED**—A middle aged lady as housekeeper; small family; Catholic persuasion. Call or address 353 S. High St.

### FOR SALE

**FOR SALE**—One good sewing machine in good running order, and all attachments; one good tea box, one new stove, for India housekeeping. Inquire at 20 S. Franklin St.

**FOR SALE**—A fine farm of 200 acres one mile from Shirton, inquire of H. H. Moellman, Shirton, Wis.

**FOR SALE**—Large house with all modern improvements. Both rooms with hot and cold water; gas; heat; wood, lime, etc. Beautiful surroundings; large lawn, fine shade. Eight acres of land, including shaded driveway approaching. Home of the late H. S. Woodruff. This part of the property is offered independently of the house and buildings adjoining, at a reasonable price. Write George Woodruff, Adm'r, Janeville, Wis.

**FOR SALE**—A lively stock in city. Bargain if taken soon. Stock and fixtures doing a good business. Will take in exchange a small farm or house and lot.

We have City, Farm and Business Property For Sale, Sub or Exchange. A good business property; also a fruit and confectionery business, among our business today.

If you have real or personal property for sale or exchange, write us. We will sell, or contract for you and take a percentage.

Call or phone New 210, Room 2, Central Block, Janesville, Wis.

### MISCELLANEOUS

CLAIRVOYANT—Trance Medium, Mrs. Louise C. Daverkoski, 461 S. Jackson St. Private readings on all affairs, 50 cents. Daily to nine p.m.

LOST, between No. 3 N. Jackson street and 2d Locust street...A hand bag, containing letters and money. Return to Clark & Eller's grocery store.

FOUND—Postbox containing a small sum of money. Owner may call at No. 8 Melo Avenue and pay for this notice.

FOUND—A small sum of money. Owner can call at No. 2 Cutler Flats and pay for this notice.

## Forty Years Ago.

Janesville Daily Gazette, Thursday, August 31, 1865.—Oats and potatoes are coming into the market very freely. The potatoes are mostly of the Shaw variety and seem to be very fair and large.

Personal.—Dr. Lane, surgeon of the Third Wisconsin Cavalry, reached his home in this city last night. After four years of honorable service has been honorably discharged. He informs us that the detachments of the Third are now assembling at Leavenworth.

A Note From the First Settler of Janesville.—This morning we took from the office a letter bearing the post mark of California, and upon opening it found the following note from Mr. H. F. Jones, the gentleman after whom this city was named. He enclosed a photograph of himself and wife, which may be seen at our office:

Acacia, Humboldt Co., Cal., July 10, 1865.

Editors Janesville Gazette: Dear Sirs—Feeling a strong desire to hear how matters and things generally are prospering in and around the city that bears my humble name, I have concluded to subscribe for the Gazette, and enclose a five dollar greenback for which I wish you to send the Gazette as long as it will pay for it. Thinking that many citizens of Janesville might want to know what the first settlers look like, I enclose you my wife's and my own photographs. We built and occupied the first log cabin that ever graced the city of Janesville.

Common Council.—An adjourned meeting of the Common Council was held last evening. His Honor the Mayor presiding. Alderman Bates, Eldred, Jackson, Jackman. The Mayor gave the casting vote in the negative.

Alderman Bates' order was then adopted.

An order was then passed appointing Mr. N. H. Constock School Commissioner in the 4th ward in place of Dr. Pendleton.

At a caucus held in the town of Rock on the 30th, in pursuance to a notice given, the meeting was called to order by the appointment of W. H. Tripp Chairman, M. L. Richardson Secretary. On motion, which was carried, Byron Spears and James Church were appointed tellers. A motion was made to proceed to a ballot for three delegates to attend the Assembly convention on the 2nd of September at Orlford, for the purpose of electing two delegates to represent the Sixth Assembly District in the State Convention at Madison, on the 6th of September next. Wm. H. Tripp, James Church and E. A. Hovey were elected by ballot as delegates.

A motion was made to elect two delegates to represent the town in the Senatorial convention to be held at Janesville on the 1st of September. N. W. Tripp and J. G. Hayner were elected delegates.

W. H. Tripp, Chairman. M. L. Richardson, Secy.

Rock, August 30, 1865.

The management of "The Forbidden Land," the Tibetan comic opera of which so much has been heard, is particularly strenuous in its appeal to theatregoers, not to confound it with the numerous musical comedy entertainments which have been monopolizing the light opera field under the guise of genuine musical entertainments. "The Forbidden Land" is a genuine comic opera, with a distinct personality befitting that distinction, and with an appearance as straightforward as the claims of its management. There is an excellent cast headed by Edward Gurvie; a costly scenic and costume equipment, and a chorus both in numbers, appearance and capability in keeping with the rest of the entertainment. The engagement here takes place at the Myers Grand Monday, Sept. 4, matinee and night.

## COMING Attractions . . .

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MILTON JUNCTION, Milton Junction, Aug. 30.—Mrs. Fannie Stone, who has been keeping house for her father, Mr. Andy Davis, is at home again.

Summer and Phil Gilbert have returned from their overland trip to Melrose.

Mr. George Sieque remains seriously ill.

Mrs. Nettie West has been entertaining Mrs. Thompson and daughter.

Mrs. Fred Raymond and children Sunday with relatives in Edgerton.

Miss Susie Learns is visiting her cousin, Stella Atlessey.

SOUTH SPRING VALLEY.

South Spring Valley, Aug. 29.—Mrs. Martin Burtress visited in Beloit last week.

J. A. Fitch and Frank Richmond were in Brodhead on business Saturday.

Dan Kilday lost a work horse last week.

Mrs. Olseth and a lady friend from near Janesville visited at Mrs. John Haggé one day last week.

Mrs. Sever Stavdal and Carrie Johnston were in Brodhead Saturday.

Mr. Allie Leng and family were guests of S. L. Castator Sunday.

Mr. Clark Olson and wife called on his mother Sunday.

Mr. J. A. Fitch called on John Richmond Sunday.

Mr. E. M. and S. L. Castator entertained threshers Tuesday and Wednesday of last week.

Mrs. Still Bond spent Monday in Janesville.

Mr. Fred Henderson, a rising young dentist of Stoughton, was the guest of his brother, O. Henderson, Sunday.

Mrs. Lizzie Kelly and son Paul spent Sunday in Janesville.

Mrs. M. D. Gray returned Saturday from a week's visit with her mother and family in Beloit.

Mr. and Mrs. Olaus Sveom, Miss Clara Hegge, Miss Amanda Freeman, also Mr. Andrew Sveom, Ole Sveom and sister Alma spent Sunday at Ole Jensen's at Hanover.

LEAF-RAISERS RELUCTANT ABOUT SELLING NEW CROP.

East Porter, Aug. 31.—The farmers are busy harvesting their tobacco at present. Buyers are in the field, but many of the farmers are reluctant to sell at present.

The Ladies' Aid society spent a very pleasant afternoon last Wednesday with Mrs. John Thomson.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Nelson are in Iowa visiting a brother.

In spite of the threatening weather quite a large congregation went to hear our old pastor, the Rev. B. F. Martin, last Sunday morning and evening.

Rev. Van Horn of Albion will preach in the Fulton church next Sunday, September 3.

Mrs. Aaron Wajlin is entertaining a nephew from New York city.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sayre, Jr. and children are visiting Mrs. Sayre's sister and family in Crookston, Minnesota.

Mr. Robert Peach, Mrs. Alfred Hubbard and little Evan Sayre, in whom everyone is interested, are no better.

The entertainment given in the Fulton church last week by Mr. and Mrs. Buchanan, assisted by Mr. Harvey Raymond, was pronounced very fine and was worthy a much larger house.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Haylock entertained about fifteen little children and some of their mammas and grandmas last Saturday in honor of little Freddie's sixth birthday. All seemed to have a delightful time.

Some of the Sunday visitors at the Fulton church were Miss Prettijohn and Mr. Kitchell Poorman of New York. Mrs. Myron Greene of Janesville, Miss Mida Hubbell and Mrs.



## A word about Flannels

Wash them in warm (not hot) Peosta suds allowing only a few minutes to soak. Thoroughly rinse in water of the same temperature.

If washed with Peosta, the finer flannels should be rubbed only with the hands. Dry quickly.

Five bars of Peosta soap, enough to do five large washings—cost 25 cents at any grocery store.

## Use Beach's Peosta Soap



## SAN ANGELO, TEXAS.

"Wash." Hoskins has a 13,000-acre ranch at San Angelo, Texas, and he tells you how to invest in Texas lands at \$2 per acre for grazing lands and \$3 per acre for farming lands, payable \$1 cash, \$2 40 years' time at 3 per cent payable to the state of Texas. Grazing lands are payable 50 cents in cash per acre and \$1.50 per acre, 40 years' time at 3 per cent payable to the state. He also tells you how to secure good, 5, 10 and 15 year notes secured by land drawing at 8 and 10 per cent interest, paid annually. Wm. E. Curtis, the famous Record-Herald correspondent, writing recently of San Angelo, Texas says: "There are still several very large ranches in this vicinity, blocks of 50,000, \$0,000, and even 100,000 acres belonging to the same owners, who bought them years ago from the state for 50 cents and \$1 an acre on forty years' time, and are now selling the land in small lots for ten times its original value."

Address for further information:

## R. W. HOSKINS.

Darien, Wis., or San Angelo, Texas.

## Prepare for the School Opening

**Girls' Coats**—Medium weight Coats for girls of ages 4 to 14 years. About fifty Coats in the line and just the thing for school wear, all on sale at a choice \$3.

**Wool Shirtwaist Suits** Suitable for young ladies 13 to 18 years, in colors blue and brown; made up in the best of style and of materials adapted for school wear; special at \$8.

**Hosiery at 15c**—Of course every store has 15c hosiery, but we believe you will find these better than usually sold at this price. For boys, extra heavy ribbed "Kautsnag," spliced heels, toes and knees, sizes from 6 to 10; and for girls, fine Egyptian, fast black, fine ribbed, sizes 5 to 9½; both lines at 15c.

## Simpson DRY GOODS

## Are You Short of Money

this month? Don't seek a loan from a friend—and lose the friend; spend a few dimes on a "For Sale" advertisement, and turn into cash something you had forgotten that you owned.

## Gazette Want Ads., Three Lines Three Times, 25c

## THE JANESEVILLE GAZETTE

Business Office Open Saturday Evenings.

Entered at the postoffice at Janesville, Wisconsin, as second class mail matter.



## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

Daily Edition—By Carrier:
One Year ..... \$6.00
One Month ..... .50
One Year, cash in advance ..... 5.00
Six Months, cash in advance ..... 2.50
Three Months, cash in advance ..... 1.25
Daily Edition—By Mail:
CASH IN ADVANCE.
One Year ..... \$4.00
Six Months ..... 2.00
One Year—Rural delivery in Rock County ..... 3.00
Six Months—Rural delivery in Rock County ..... 1.50
WEEKLY EDITION—One Year, 1.50
Long Distance Telephone, No. 77
Business Office ..... 77-2
Editorial Rooms ..... 77-3

Fair, followed by showers; fresh southern winds.

"Great men are too often unknown—or, what's worse, mis-known." A great store is not so apt to be unknown as "mis-known." It takes a lot of advertising space to keep a big store properly posed before the public camera.

**JAPAN'S TRADE.**  
The remarkable growth of Japanese foreign commerce during the first six months of this year, especially of imports from foreign countries, is shown in the June Monthly Return of the Foreign Trade of the Empire of Japan, a copy of which official publication has just reached the Department of Commerce and Labor through its Bureau of Statistics.

As compared with the six months' figures for the previous year, the imports show the remarkable increase of 56.9 per cent, from \$9,952,000 to \$14,659,000, while exports for the same period show a relatively insignificant growth of less than 4 per cent, from \$6,465,000 to \$7,095,000.

It is of interest to note that, while the largest increases in imports are credited to the United States, the United Kingdom, and British India, the largest increases in exports occur under the head of China, United States and Korea. Thus imports from the United States for the first six months of the year 1905 were \$31,921,000, as against \$13,328,000 during the same period of 1904; imports from the United Kingdom were \$32,623,000, as against \$16,982,000; imports from British India were \$34,034,000, as against \$21,092,000; while imports from Germany are stated as \$10,794,000 for the first six months of this year, as against \$6,955,000 for the same period of the year 1904. As regards imports from other countries, they have increased at a much lower rate, or else show decreases.

The exports during the same periods were largest for China, which is credited with \$21,932,000 as compared with \$14,953,000 during the first six months of 1904. The United States ranks next among the countries to which Japanese products are destined, the figures for the first six months of 1905 being \$30,204,000 as against \$19,910,000 for the previous year. In the third place now stands Korea, with \$5,832,000 as against \$3,400,000 for the same period of 1904. The exports to the other countries are relatively small and, moreover, show decreases. Thus, exports to France, one of Japan's large customers of silk, have fallen from \$7,117,000 during the first six months of 1904 to \$6,461,000 during the first six months of 1905. The exports to the United Kingdom have likewise decreased from \$4,343,000 to \$3,355,000, while exports to Germany have fallen from \$1,098,000 in 1904 to \$1,045,000 in 1905.

The leading position of the United States in Japanese foreign commerce is seen from the fact that this country furnished 22.4 per cent of the total imports during the first six months of 1905 as compared with 14.7 per cent of the total imports during the same period of 1904, and is credited with 28.6 per cent of the total domestic exports during the first half year in 1905 as compared with 29.1 per cent of the total domestic exports of Japan for the first six months in 1904.

The gains in imports affect not only such articles increased consumption of which was to be expected because of the war, such as flour, beans and peas, woolens and worsteds, cotton manufactures, blankets, sole leather, etc., but other articles as well, increased importations of which are the best sign of industrial growth and expansion. Among the latter, the most notable increases are shown by raw cotton, the imports of which have almost doubled in value, by manufactures of iron and steel, machinery, etc.

The only article of importance the imports of which show decreases during the first six months of 1905, as compared with the same period in 1904, are coal, sugar, and kerosene oil. The decrease in the importation of sugar is most striking, and is probably due chiefly to the higher import duties on sugar imposed last year, the results of which are seen in extraordinary heavy importations during the year 1904.

The largest two items of imports appear to be raw cotton, about one-third of which is credited to the United States, and rice, the importations of which assumed large proportions for the first time in 1903, and

continue to lead all other items, with the exception of raw cotton. About 55 per cent of the total imports of \$142,659,000 during the first half of the present year is represented by the imports of the two items just named.

Exports from Japan, as stated before, show but a slight increase during the current year. Of the principal articles of export raw silk has held its own, while the manufacturers of silk show decreased exportations. Exports of both cotton yarn and cotton manufactures show larger figures for the first six months of the current year than for the same period of the year before. The same is true of copper, matches, mats and matting, porcelains and earthenware, and many other smaller items of Japanese produce and manufacture, too numerous to be stated specifically. The largest relative increase is shown by the exports of beer and sake (rice whisky), which have increased about 178 and 264 per cent respectively, during the present year.

Decreases of exports for the first six months of the current year appear under the head of coal, tea, rice, canopha, straw plats, cigarettes, sulphur, etc.

## DECLINE OF THE SENATE.

The announcement from Washington that an effort will be made at the approaching session of congress to pass a resolution submitting to the various states an amendment for the constitution providing for the election of United States senators by a popular vote is of interest, because of the report that the proposition will be supported by influences that have heretofore not been identified with such a measure.

The election of senators by a popular vote has been proposed for many years, and scarcely a session has passed without a proposed amendment to the constitution providing for it. It has, however, been many years since the constitution was amended, and as it takes the affirmative vote of two thirds of the states to ratify an amendment, nothing is more difficult than to effect a change in the constitution. We do not believe that it is possible for a long time to come to secure the adoption of an amendment to provide for the election of senators by a popular vote. In the first place, such an amendment would have to pass the senate itself, and that body made up as it is largely of senators who, while able to secure successive re-elections by the vote of legislatures, might find it difficult to pass the ordeal of public elections, would not be likely to favor any change in the mode of election.

There can be no doubt, however, that the senate has declined in public regard and confidence to a very large extent, and that this decline is due in no small measure to the fact that elections to that body are so largely controlled by powerful corporations and political bosses through their ownership of state legislatures. Practically, the method of electing the senators is as near perfection as it is possible to reach. It seems an admirable system to elect the representative by popular vote for a short term and the senators, by state legislatures for a long term. Practically, however, the working out of this system in recent years has not been all that could be desired. In fact, it has resulted in putting into the senate a good many individuals who do not by any means measure up, intellectually and morally, to the senatorial ideal.

In the Taggart case one of the lawyers called another lawyer a liar. That may be true of the lawyer, but surely no one would make insinuations of that sort against any of the witnesses.

Admission of products from the Philippines duty free will give some of the stand-patters a pain in the neighborhood of their plethoric pockets.

It is not to be expected that Secretary Shaw and Gov. Cummins can look at public questions in the same light, Shaw can have only one presidential candidate at a time.

Boston is all excitement over the prospective opening of a department store. Next summer Boston hopes to attract the attention of a traveling circus.

As he explains, Secretary Shaw is an "enthusiast" for reciprocity. All he objects to is the ratification of reciprocity treaties.

Boston will have to give up the effort to be famous for its baseball club and pin its faith to what Tom Lawson can do for it.

Even if he has to quit the army, the outlook for Capt. Taggart is not hopeless. He might run for mayor of Atlanta.

A lecture by Bourke Cockran to the Filipinos is certainly handing them a chunk of civilization from headquarters.

A German statistician thinks that Russia will soon be bankrupt. Japan if pressed might agree to act as receiver.

Milwaukee's more recent efforts to be famous are not of a kind to elicit general public approbation.

If Statistician Holmes has the facts and figures to show his innocence now is the time to present them.

Promoters of "Fads and Fancies" schemes evidently are making a mistake in overlooking Milwaukee.

In the peace conference President Roosevelt is not content to be an innocent by-stander.

## PRESS COMMENT.

Sheboygan Journal: Janesville is overrun with crickets. Accommodations there are entirely inadequate.

Baltimore Sun: It is proposed to christen the cruiser Vermont with maple syrup. "Vermont" maple syrup, little children, is a sticky fluid made of glucose in Chicago.

Appleton Crescent: It is said that 7,000 clergymen have promised to preach labor sermons on the Sunday before Labor day. Those who hear them will enjoy the holiday the more.

Madison Democrat: Prof. Garner is going back to Africa to study the monkey's language. Why so far when high school swells and rolled sleeve girls abound all about?

Green Bay Gazette: It is claimed that Mayor Rose of Milwaukee has a typewritten denial of anticipated indictment charges already drawn up to give to the newspapers as an interview.

Neenah Times: A Washington, D. C., man sends The Times a large batch of "editorial paragraphs" for publication. No, thank you, our own "editorial paragraphs" get us into about all the trouble we care for.

Milwaukee Free Press: A La Crosse newspaper claims that a resident of the third city has discovered that a photograph will keep mosquitoes away. It ought to do it, certainly, but there are lots of cures that are worse than the disease.

Evening Wisconsin: If, by reason of the triumph he has achieved at Portsmouth, M. de Witte again becomes a leader in the Russian government, the peace will be doubly blessed to the Russian people, for he is Russia's ablest public man, a man who has liberal sentiments, wide knowledge, strong good sense, and unlimited working force and practical capacity.

Wausau Record: The ball is opened. State Senator McGillivray has announced his candidacy for governor. W. D. Connor is said to be after the same plum and to have given the ruling machine to understand that he must be reckoned with in any plans it has for the "dear people" to follow out. And it is also understood that Speaker Lenroot has received such encouragement that he expects the mantle of the dear go-to-be-departed, if he goes to the senate, to fall athwart his shoulders. Next will come the music.

Milwaukee News: No man bound by conservatism or precedent or usage could have taken the initiative as Mr. Roosevelt did or have become active in deliberations in which he had no direct concern. Fear of criticism, or resentment, regard for the proprieties, all would have contributed to a passive attitude. But Mr. Roosevelt is given to action and the occasion arising has shattered precedent to the benefit of humanity and to the honor of his exalted office.

Minneapolis Journal: Mr. McConkey of Pittsburg demands a separation from Mrs. McConkey because, while she was ill, his wife would sit on the side of his bed and ask him which undertaker he would prefer to have take charge of his last trip out. He claims to have been annoyed and harassed by the question, whereas Mrs. McConkey meant it merely as a ploy to help pass away the weary hours in the sickroom. Some men have no sense of humor and no man gives a woman credit for such a sense.

Oconto Reporter: Have you noticed that this year will have fifty-three Sundays? It begins on Sunday and will end on Sunday. One extra to attend church, to spend in reading the scriptures, playing with the children or breaking the two-year-old colt. Arrange to avail yourself of these opportunities which 1905 offers you; for it will be one hundred and ten years before such an opportunity will be around again. And then where'll you be?

Fond du Lac Commonwealth: The Chicago Federation of Labor has furnished new evidence to the effect that some housecleaning is needed very badly in labor circles in that city. Having had two riots and one election that election has now been "nullified" by the opposition which had planned to kidnap President Dold and prevent his attending the meeting. As Mr. Dold learned of the scheme in advance he simply remained away and the opposition was left in control. As a result there will now be two organizations claiming the right to the title "Chicago Federation of Labor," and the average workingman in that city who happens to be a member of one union organization will simply pay his money and take his choice.

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without payment of redemption money. While a definite and authoritative statement of the peace terms must be awaited before attempting to discuss them in detail, present indications are that M. Witte has carried the day with his sunburn "not a peep" position on the indemnity. That Japan would yield on her demands as to the interned warships and the limitation of Russia's naval power in the Pacific was to be expected. That she cedes one-half of Sakhalin, and waives all claim to reimbursement for the cost of a defensive war that was forced on her, is well nigh incredible. If such an arrangement has been arrived at, and without some compensatory concession to Japan, its effect on Japanese popular opinion, which demanded fair indemnification and resented the suggestion of parting with one foot of Sakhalin, remains to be seen.

Qashioch Northwestern: It is claimed that Milwaukee is becoming a recruiting center for the recruiting of chorus girls. Possibly this helps explain the scarcity of servant girls in this part of the country.

Madison Journal: How true it is that check pays in politics! Here is Wendy McGillivray pushing and pulling round to be made governor while men like J. H. Scott, whose shoes "Mac" is not worthy to unlace say nothing.

Chicago Record-Herald: Reports from California say Young Lochinvar Scott's mine Devil Valley has been discovered by others. We give due notice to the others" that no attention will be paid to their fast traveling when they come East.

Milwaukee Advertiser: Every city has its own private troubles. At Waukesha everything depends upon the price of "taffies" and in New London a young man that hasn't got the price to defend a breach of promise suit is boycotted by the girls.

Wausau Central Wisconsin: And now the report is sent out that Governor La Follette has denied that he intends to go to the United States senate. Don't believe the governor, Mrs. La Follette has said he will go to the Senate, and that settles it.

Wausau Record: The Milwaukee News says Iowa's loss of population is due to an excess of prosperity. Perhaps her over-prosperous people come to poor old Wisconsin humbly; appreciated and the value of the farm products is \$155 more than those of the over-prosperous state.

Atchison Globe: There must be no eavesdropping on the telephone in California, that state having passed a law making it an offense punishable by imprisonment to eavesdrop, and then speak of it afterward. Telephone eavesdropping is no better than key-hole eavesdropping anywhere.

Scientific American: If you are afraid of lightning, here is a very simple safeguard to remember: Simply put on your gum shoes or rubbers and then stand up so your clothes won't touch anything, whether you are out of doors or in doors, you are perfectly safe, for rubbers is a non-conductor, and you are perfectly insulated. This is worth remembering. Bring out your old "gumms."

Marion Advertiser: Mary had a little lamb; that time has passed away. No lamb could follow up the goat that Mary goes today. For now she rides a shod wheel in skirts too short by half; no lambkin shares her airy flight, but you can see her call. But is there one who can complain or cry in woe, "Alas!" So long as Mary's call's all right the lamb can go to grass. So all the men delight to gaze, their joy is not a sham, for while the other critter's out they have no use for lamb.

Milwaukee Free Press: It is singular that in an edition describing the advantages of the city, the Eau Claire Leader should mention cheap labor as one of them. In an argument to manufacturers to induce them to locate in this city, it says that men can be hired at \$1.25 per day in Eau Claire where a company would be obliged to pay \$2 elsewhere. This is hardly an advantage of which the city should boast. If men are paid less at Eau Claire than elsewhere the presumption is that they are worth less to their employers. They are certainly worth investigating.

Wishing They Had Balloons.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The Globe-Democrat the other day pointed out that Gen. Butler, during his ascendancy in New Orleans in 1862, cleaned that town so completely that yellow jack not only fled from it, but stayed away for several years, until he made sure that Ben had left the place for good. On one point this assertion is wrong, according to the Mobile Register. "Gen. Butler did some cleaning," says that paper, "but all persons who have any acquaintance with the topography of New Orleans know that he did not clean it thoroughly. The only way to do that is to run the Mississippi through it."

When somebody asked Disraeli just before he became premier the first time, how to solve the Irish problem, he said: "Sink Ireland 275 feet below the surface of St. George's channel, and leave it there for ten years." The Register's cure for New Orleans' yellow fever and other pestilences is equally effective. If the Mississippi were turned on to it, and allowed to flow over it until the latter part of November, jack frost would find that something had been ahead of him in cleaning out yellow jack.

But our Mobile contemporary makes a nasty assault on Bienville. When that old promoter a couple of centuries ago was looking around for a site on which to plant the seat of empire in the big valley he had half of a continent from which to choose. Just why he staked out the marsh on which he built New Orleans is something that nobody can find out still, the blunder having been committed, it might have been in the power of the citizens of the place, in the after time, to right it, to some extent. Several American towns

have lifted themselves by their bootstraps. Chicago did this, likewise Galveston just after the tidal wave of a few years ago. But the Register ought to let up on Louis XV., old builder. He is getting enough abuse from the thousands in New Orleans at this moment who wish they had balloons so that they could run the shotgun quarantine which Gov. Wardman and others have planted around them.

St. Louis Republic: A corn year in Missouri means much to the world. This is a corn year. Editor Painter of Carrollton relates an incident of the yields, showing the size of the ear in his county. An enterprising farmer, wishing to utilize every foot of available space, planted corn on the roadbed of an abandoned switch which lay parallel to the main tracks. A few nights ago a high wind blew down one of the stalks across the main track.

## ADVENTIST CAMP MEETING OPENED

PRESIDENT COVERT WELCOMED  
LARGE AUDIENCE LAST NIGHT.

## EXCELLENT SERVICES TODAY

Elder Farnsworth, lately of Australia, to speak at session this evening.

With an audience of about three hundred people, among whom there was heavy sprinkling of Janesville residents, who are always welcome at any and all sessions, the thirty-sixth annual camp-meeting and State Conference of the Wisconsin Organization of Seventh Day Adventists was opened in the pavilion at Palmer's Grove last evening. The initial service was a song worship lead by a choir under the directorship of Professor Serns of Collegeview, Nebraska. Miss Ethel Williams of Milwaukee presided at the organ. The number of singers in the choir will be greatly increased as more come upon the grounds. Elder Mettenhofs of Kansas City, Kan., announced the opening hymn, which was followed by prayer by Elder Kauble of Berrien Springs, Mich. After the announcing and reading of a second hymn by Elder Neilson of Oshkosh, President Covert addressed the audience. His first remarks were filled with praise to God that He had spared the lives of those present to gather in another annual conference. In a beautiful manner he welcomed all and expressed his hope that this be an excellent meeting.

### President Covert Speaks

After these first remarks President Covert took a text found in Matt 24:45, which reads: "Watch therefore for ye know not what hour your Lord doth come. But know this, that if the good man of the house had known in what watch the thief would come, he would have watched, and would not have suffered his house to be broken up. Therefore, be ye also ready; for in such an hour as ye think not, the Son of man cometh. Who then is a faithful and wise servant, whom his Lord hath made ruler over his household, to give them meat in due season?" He emphasized the necessity of always being ready. To those who are ready the Son of man will not come as a "thief in the night." He spoke of the many signs that point to the coming of this "Son of man," and that those who are watching and studying the word will know of the time. Special emphasis was placed, however, upon the necessity of always being ready, even though the Lord were not to come for thousands of years. In the investigative judgment our names are liable to pass in review at any time. He spoke of the special message entrusted to the Seventh Day Adventist people, and in a soldier's language said that now—especially they should stand in the ranks. That though at times it seemed as if backward steps were taken, if at such times one becomes discouraged, he will be left behind in the great onward march.

### The Services Today

More Adventists from out of the city arrived today and took up quarters on the grounds. The morning services, as natural, were not largely attended by others than the campers, but interesting addresses were delivered. The day was ushered in with the "rising bell" at five-twenty. The first program was at six o'clock and was well attended by those living on the grounds. Elder McReynolds occupied about twenty-five minutes with interesting remarks and a testimony and praise service followed. Elder Kauble gave the principal discourse at the morning preaching service at ten-thirty. For a text he used the fifteenth and sixteenth verses of Ephesians V: "See that ye walk circumspectly, not as fools, but as wise. Redoing the time, because the days are evil." A brief summary of his talk is as follows: In order to redeem we must walk circumspectly and the thought in the word redeeming is that there has been a lack of faith in the past. The essence of all true faith is doing the right thing at the right time. The right thing is what God commands and the right time is when He commands that his orders be executed. The world which is influenced by the lives of all watches each one's conduct and decides by that one's act whether or not he or she has genuine faith.

### Business Meeting

At half-past two this afternoon another service was held in the auditorium tent. Elder F. Stebbins of Monroe was the speaker and several hundred listened to his address.

The first business meeting of the conference was slated for four o'clock this afternoon. Matters of importance were expected to come up and be passed upon.

Tonight at seven-thirty a preaching service will be held. A singing program will open and Elder Farnsworth, lately of Australia, one of the leaders in the Adventists' international society, will speak. His discourse will be one of the finest of the entire gathering. A large attendance at this session is anticipated.

### The New Arrivals

Ministers arriving before yesterday not already mentioned are: Elder F. E. Petersen of Baraboo, Elder J. S. Shrock of Oshkosh, S. T. Shadel of Monroe, L. F. French of Black Creek. Those arriving yesterday are Elder F. Stebbins of Monroe, Elder L. E. Stiffel of Wausau, M. Serns of Cambridge, J. Kloss of Superior, C. D. McMoody of Ashland. Elder J. B. Scott of Madison and C. W. Olds of Waukesha arrived this morning. Many arrivals are expected today and tomorrow.

### Real Estate Transfers

Robert Jackson to J. C. Fitzgerald and wife \$1700 lot 16-1 Noggin's Add. Beloit.

William R. Percival and wife to Joseph W. Echlin \$3800 \$40 ft n<sup>2</sup> sec w<sup>1</sup> lot 22 Mitchell's Add. Janesville.

Simon Strauss and wife to K. B. Thoen \$4072.50 nw<sup>1</sup> nw<sup>1</sup> sec 2 & ne<sup>1</sup> ne<sup>1</sup> sec 3-11.

## J. H. MCVICAR HIGH GUN AT THE TARGETS

Is Now Among the Leaders for the  
Deport Trophy Cup with  
Carpenter and Casey.

J. H. McVicar won the fourth shot for the Dupont cup at the grounds of the Janesville Gun Club yesterday. This makes Mr. McVicar and the winners of the other contests, Casey and Carpenter tied for the honors of the shoot thus far. The contest is eliciting considerable interest among the club members and a good sized gallery watches each contest.

Handicap, shot at. Broke J. H. McVicar .18 Yds. 50 45  
Casey .17 Yds. 50 42  
Wm. McVicar .18 Yds. 50 38  
Roestling .17 Yds. 50 38  
Pierson .16 Yds. 50 37  
Buchanan .14 Yds. 50 34  
Echlin .16 Yds. 50 41  
Carpenter .15 Yds. 50 43

### FUTURE EVENTS

Big Labor Day demonstration on Monday, Sept. 4. Parade and address in the morning. Ferari Bros.' big street carnival, appearing here under the auspices of the Fraternal Order of Eagles, opens its exhibitions in the evening. Afternoon and evening performances of "The Forbidden Land," a high-class comic-opera presented under the Dearborn management, at the Myers theatre. Public schools open for the year on Tuesday, Sept. 5.

### FUTURE EVENTS.

Public schools of the city reopen on Tuesday, September 5.

## LATE LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF

Oysters. Nash.  
The finest 35¢ olives in the city. Nash.

Fresh bluegills, 7c lb. Lowell Grocery.

3-lb. can Richelieu coffee. Nash.

Fresh bluegills, 7c lb. Lowell Grocery.

Spanish onions. Nash.

Fresh oysters and fish. Skelly & Wilbur.

A. Ba's the Carnaval. Nash.

H. G. bread and doughnuts. Nash.

Baths. Wisch, Hayes Block barber shop.

Cornier Stone, \$1.45; Gold Medal, \$1.45; Pillsbury's Best, \$1.45. Nash.

Fresh bluegills, 7c lb. Lowell Grocery.

First oysters of season. Nash.

New fall dress goods in plaids and stripes suitable for children's school dresses for 15¢ per yd. T. P. Burns.

Low-priced luxury—bluegill bass, 7c lb. Nash.

Fine embroideries in different widths, 15¢ to 35¢ values for 11¢ yd. T. P. Burns.

Lake Superior trout and Koshkonong bluegills. Nash.

Fresh bluegills, 7c lb. Lowell Grocery.

Dressed and ready for pan, bluegill bass, 7c lb. Nash.

We wish to direct your attention to our special bargains in ladies' satins or made suits, \$12.50 to \$18.50 values for \$7.50. T. P. Burns.

Get your fish order in early. Nash.

Order fish tonight if possible. Nash.

Bluegill bass, 7c lb. Nash.

Corns treated by H. M. Joyce, 156 West Milwaukee St.

The sale of Mrs. E. C. Johnson's household goods will continue until Saturday evening.

Fresh fish. Nash.

The Congregational church choir will meet at the church for rehearsal Friday evening at 7:30.

## DEAL WILL INVOLVE A MILLION DOLLARS

Transfer of the R. J. & B. Interurban Property Likely to Be Completed Sept. 11.

There are new indications that the R. B. & J. interurban line is to change hands very shortly. Whom the parties are that are seeking to buy it is not known but J. R. Nutt, the Cleveland financier, is acting for them. A large block of stock was sold in this country yesterday.

The option on the 10,000 shares on which \$10,000 has been paid down, extends until Sept. 11 and it is probable that the transfer will not be made until that time. To secure the stock and bonds of this company will involve the outlay of \$1,000,000. In response to an inquiry as to whether his firm was the one interested sent out from Beloit, John Farson of Chicago, head of the financial firm of Farson, Leach & Co., answered: "I do not care to make any statement on the matter mentioned." It is not believed that the transfer will cause any change in the management.

## PIONEERS' PICNIC AT HO-NO-NE-GAH

Was Attended by Several Thousand People Yesterday—Janesville Was Well Represented.

Several thousand people attended the annual picnic of the pioneers of Rock, Boone, and Winnebago counties at Ho-No-Ne-Gah park, yesterday. Nearly eight hundred teams were led under the trees in the park. The afternoon program began with music by the Imperial band of Janesville, followed by prayer by Dr. R. W. Bosworth. Another musical selection was given by Dr. G. R. Vanhorn's address. The band played again and Senator J. M. Whitehead spoke. After another selection a series of reminiscences was given. Daniel Burdick, the oldest resident of Beloit, was on the grounds and received the congratulations of hundreds. Greetings were received from Mrs. Harry Hunt of that city who has passed her 103rd birthday. W. H. Tripp presented the society with a gavel made from his famous mahogany sidewalk.

A good thing—a want ad.

## EAGLES PLANNING A BIG CARNIVAL

Will Do Everything to Make  
Week Most Successful.

## TO CHOOSE CARNIVAL QUEEN

Friday Will Be the Big Day—Every  
thing Being Done to Make  
the Affair a Success.

Citizens of Janesville are making a mistake when they imagine that the Eagles are going to allow all kinds of license and freedom of all objectionable character on the streets," said Chalmers Edward Amerpohl of the arrangements committee this morning. "We are planning to give a carnival that will be a carnival and nothing objectionable will be allowed," he continued. "There is to be no gambling of any description permitted, no selling of beer or liquors in a tent, and the shows will all be carefully inspected to see that nothing objectionable is presented. The throwing of confetti, the sale or use of return balls, or the use of flour or meal will not be tolerated for one minute. When the carnival opens the Eagles would consider it a favor if any citizen who sees objectionable features would notify the committee, so that the matter may be remedied at once.

### Hard at Work

The committee of arrangements of the Eagles, consisting of Edward Amerpohl, J. J. Cunningham, Tom McElroy, Hugh Joyce, and Patrick Garvin, is hard at work making arrangements for a successful week.

Contracts have been let for the stringing of fourteen arches of electric lights over the streets, and banners, bunting, and flags will make the scene a gay one. There is some talk of arranging for baseball games every morning between the local Eagle team and visiting nines. This has not yet taken definite form, but is one of the plans projected. The shows do not open until noon, so there would be time in the mornings for this feature. The Eagles have full control of the concessions and will allow no games of chance to be run. The concession committee consists of J. C. Nichols, Ed. Amerpohl and Dr. Merritt. They also act as the committee on censorship of the shows.

### Friday the Day

Friday is to be the big day. Elaborate arrangements are being made for the election of the Queen of the Carnival, the vote continuing for this honor throughout the week and closing Thursday night at eight. On Friday evening there is to be an automobile and vehicle parade, for which handsome prizes have been purchased, including one for the carnival queen. These are on exhibition in Hall & Sayles' windows. Friday afternoon there will be the Eagles' parade. Invitations have been sent to the aeries in Beloit, Green Bay, Rockford, Fond du Lac, Appleton, Oshkosh, Madison, Belvidere, and Milwaukee and it is expected a goodly number will be present. This parade and the evening vehicle parade will be the climax of the week and every energy is being devoted to make it a success.

### The Objections

"I am sorry some of the merchants think we are trying to obstruct the streets," said Mr. Amerpohl. "There will be no show placed in front of any merchant's place of business who objects. We received permission of the council to use the streets with the understanding that we should not block the streets for traffic. The shows will be placed under the direction of the committee of the Eagles, the Mayor, the chief of the fire department and the representative of the carnival company. The shows will not drive one stake in any of the streets. The fronts are wagon fronts which open out and have no flapping banners to scare horses. Large sand bags are used in place of stakes, so that there will be no damage to pavement or macadam. In fact, I am told these shows have been placed on asphalt streets without damage to them. The Eagles have guaranteed that the streets will be cleaned up and we will see that this is done promptly."

### The Selection of Queen

The committee in charge have selected several valuable pieces of jewelry as a prize for the Queen to be selected—diamond rings and watches, the queen to have her choice. The coronation ceremonies are to be in keeping with the whole occasion. Parades of Eagles' lodges, brass bands and fitting tribute to the Queen, who will be escorted by five of her friends. The contest is open to all single ladies in the city. The voting stations will be at the following stores: Connell's Cigar store, McCue & Buss Drug-store, Myers House office, J. M. Bostwick & Sons, Geo. Simpson's Dry Goods' store, Frank George's confectionary store and the People's Drug-store. The votes will be furnished with envelopes in which to place the money, a cent a vote, and the number of votes for the candidate. No limit is placed on the number of votes cast. The results will be made known each afternoon through the papers, the contest to close on Friday noon, next.

### CURRENT NEWS NOTES.

Baptists Go to Clinton: Rev. R. M. Vaughan, Mrs. B. R. Dunwiddie, and Mrs. J. T. Fitchett will take part in the program of the Janesville Association of Baptist churches which meets in Clinton on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday of next week. Members from Elkhorn, Evansville, Ation, Clinton, Eau Claire, Albany, and Brodhead will also take part.

Police Became Plainmen: At two o'clock Wednesday morning Officers Bear, Morrissey, and Cox, armed with ropes, gave chase to a couple of cattle, which wandered into the business section of the city. One of the twain, a three-year-old, succeeded in eluding its pursuers and got away on Court street. The other, a yearling calf, was captured on South River street by Officers Cox and Bear and is at the former's home awaiting its owner.

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## NEWS OF A PERSONAL NATURE

Ladies' Aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock in the parlors of the church.

George Crow of Chicago is visiting local friends.

Mrs. H. W. Fricke and children are with friends in Freeport.

The Misses Rosetta Klein and Daisy Eisenschmid have returned from a visit with friends and relatives in Oshkosh and Milwaukee.

In honor of Mrs. William Shattuck, who is soon to leave for Minneapolis, there to make her permanent home, a luncheon was given at the golf links this afternoon by her mother, Mrs. Orion Sutherland.

Miss Genevieve Rich entertains at this evening.

Mrs. Ella Vaughan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. Booth, North Franklin street, was saved from drowning in the raceway this morning.

Charles H. Nott of the firm of Nott Bros. was in Milwaukee and Racine yesterday on business.

Mrs. Jas. Easton and daughter, Margaret and Edna, of St. Thomas, Canada, are visiting their sisters, Mrs. Freeman and Mrs. Fullerton, of La Prairie.

Mrs. Eva Child is in Milwaukee. J. H. Nicholson and family have returned from Lake Kegonsa, where they have spent the summer months.

Mr. A. E. Matheson has returned from a trip to the White mountains.

Charles Slosin is in the city for a few days. Mr. Slosin now makes his home in Milwaukee.

There will be a prayer meeting at the Congregational church this evening. The subject is, "Our Simple Duty."

Rev. J. W. Laughlin, D. D., of Chicago will lead the prayer meeting in the Presbyterian church this evening.

F. D. Kimball has returned from a three weeks' trip on the Great Lakes. He sailed from Duluth, around Mackinac and to Buffalo and Niagara, at both of which places he spent two days. No rough weather was experienced on the entire two-thousand mile journey and Mr. Kimball feels much improved in health.

Mrs. Thompson of Beloit was a Janesville visitor this morning.

Mrs. J. O. Shaw left today for St. Paul. Mr. Shaw will follow her in the course of a few days. They will either make their residence there or go on to California.

# Timely Diamond Gossip

Charles Roy, the Clever Chippeway Indian Pitcher, Wanted by Big League Teams --- As to Umpiring --- Lumley's Varied Ball Career.

At the close of the schedule of the Carlisle (Pa.) Indian school baseball team Charles Roy, the pitcher, who won most of their victories, stood out with unusual prominence. Roy is a Chippeway Indian from the state of Minnesota. He is a big Injin in several respects. Although but twenty-one years of age he weighs 175 pounds and is six feet tall in his stocking feet. Although he is not and has never been the possessor of a real Indian name, his father bears the unusual cognomen of "Gabilin," which, translated into English, is equivalent to Benjamin.

Charles Roy entered Carlisle in September, 1904, and, although he had some athletic training at other schools, has only done remarkable work as a pitcher there. He first went to school at Flunderau, S. D., and later to Morris, Minn., where he first twirled

## Athletics.

*Arthur Duffey, Sprinting Champion, Retires --- W.W. Coe, Greatest Shot Putter.*

Arthur F. Duffey, champion sprinter of the world, who recently returned from a successful trip abroad, has decided to retire from the cinder path. His reason for retiring is that he is tired of the game. He feels that he has had his day and that he would rather retire when at the height of his fame than wait until defeat forces him out.

While abroad Duffey won two new championships and established three world's records for short distance



ARTHUR F. DUFFEY.

events. His best performance was his victory over G. A. Williams, the Australian 100 yard champion, who had not been defeated before in years. Duffey also took the measure of Mac Pherson of New Zealand.

In speaking of his trip to New Zealand Duffey says that the rumors there were started as horses are at the race track in this country. Every runner has to step into his partition, with a barrier across his breast, and when everybody is ready, the starter snaps it. About Australian runners Duffey says they are slow to begin, but when once under way there are no faster men in the world.

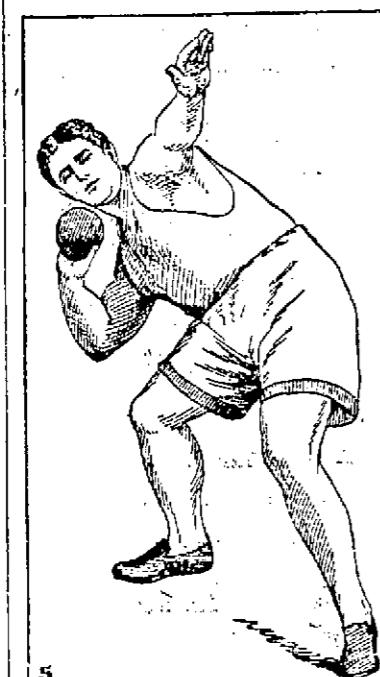
Of English runners he says: "Let them once master a quick start and there will be no sprinters in the world who will have anything on them. As it is now, there is no question in my mind, and my victories away from home tend to show it, that the Yankee short distance men are, as a class, as much superior to the English as the English distance runners are superior to the Americans."

"Grass running is a new game for Americans, and many of the English and colonial races are held on turf tracks. Grass running for a man unused to it is no joke until he has long practiced at it. A Yankee sprinter who is sure of the even time every time he starts in the 100 yard dash on the clods is lucky if he does 10 1/2 in his first race on grass."

The crouch start is, however, rapidly displacing every other starting position in the English countries, and the improvement in their sprinting since its adoption has been remarkable. When I first went abroad four years ago I was never hardly extended to win my races, but now the English sprinters are but a little way behind the Americans, and coming fast."

Wesley W. Coe of Cambridge, Mass., is now the world's greatest shot putter. He has relegated to the rear the feats of Ralph Rose, the former Michigan champion.

The put of 49 feet 6 inches which Coe made in Portland, Ore., recently was a most remarkable one. Be not only



W. W. COE, PUTTING THE SHOT.

beat Rose by nearly two feet, but he eclipsed the former world record by a foot. Rose is said to have put the shot more than fifty feet in practice, and with Coe's record to urge him on he will undoubtedly refuse to rest until he has officially beaten Coe's latest mark.

### Proposed New Ball Rule.

At one of the recent annual meetings of the National league a resolution was introduced which prohibited appointing an outfielder to the position of manager or field captain of a team. The resolution was voted down because some of the magnates were already provided with managers who played in the garden. But the resolution has not died. On the contrary, it has set the leaders of the older league thinking, and it is predicted in a few years such a rule will be adopted.

### Fest in Telepathy.

Tom I can read your thoughts. Clara—I can hardly believe it, for if you could you wouldn't sit so far away.

## Baseball Really a Business

Tremendous Sums Concerned In Conducting the National Game. Ranks With Wheat Speculation as an Investment --- Men Who Have Made Money.

Over \$2,577,000 is paid out in salaries to the professional baseball players of the United States each year. Over \$2,500,000 is paid in other salaries and in expenses of maintaining the grounds of the professional clubs, about \$800,000 in railroad fares, about \$100,000 in sleeping car fares, about \$125,000 in traveling expenses, and perhaps \$500,000 in additional expenses.

And this is only counting the expenses of the organized baseball leagues of the United States registered and recorded under the national agreement.

The total expense of operating baseball in the United States as an organized sport therefore is in the neighborhood of \$7,000,000, according to the estimates of those best posted, which means that approximately 25,000,000 paid admissions must be received before the team owners can break even on their investments.

The fact remains that nearly one-half of the baseball club owners of the United States lose money every year.

As a business investment baseball ranks with wheat speculation or is even more risky than that, and few except the rich can afford to go into the game. A few men, like John T. Brush, who owns the New York National club, or, rather, holds it in his name for A. Freedman and others, and Colonel John Rogers of Philadelphia, have made money in baseball as an investment. Charles Comiskey of the Chicago Americans, too, by his shrewdness and foresight has made a lot of money, and the owners of the Chicago National league club, all except Anson, have made money, but what has been made has been put into improvements of the plant. But even in those big organizations, like the National and American leagues, there are times when it is hard to make the league a money maker.

It is a queer business. In the league eight club owners form a partnership and practically agree to divide the profits of the year—that is, the visiting

General Strike in Libau.

Libau, Russia, Aug. 31.—A general strike has been brought about here by the order for the mobilization of troops. Steam railroad communication has been interrupted and no newspapers are issued. Arrival of reservists from the neighboring country districts has added to the confusion, as well as to the possibilities of disorder. The situation is growing tense and many soldiers are patrolling the streets.

Tornado Does Much Damage.

Scranton, Pa., Aug. 31.—A tornado struck the northern part of Carbonado and demolished a score of houses, barns and railroad cars, but fortunately caused no fatalities. Three dwellings were destroyed, ten were overturned or carried off their foundations, and fully fifty were more or less damaged.

Shots' Arm Infected.

Washington, Aug. 31.—Theodore P. Shonts, chairman of the executive committee of the isthmian canal commission, is suffering from a dangerously sore arm by vaccination just before he started for the isthmus several weeks ago. The physicians have told Mr. Shonts to look forward to a troublous time.

Refuses \$50,000 for Maj. Delmar.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 31.—C. K. G. Billings refused \$50,000 for Maj. Delmar, a sum of money much greater than the intrinsic value of the great trotters and more than three times what he paid for the horse in 1904.

Bomb Thrown at Governor.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 31.—An attempt was made to assassinate Gov. Keimberg of Meghileff. A bomb was thrown at the governor's carriage, but it failed to explode. The bomb throwers escaped.

Vote to Allow Puts and Calls.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—By a vote of 520 to 243 the board of trade adopted the amendment to the rules permitting members to trade in puts and calls.

Collier-Marcillas Ashore.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 31.—The United States navy cutter Marcillas, which has been ashore below Bodkin's point.

New York's Venice.

New York has its Venice in a little shack village built along the water between Manhattan and Coney Island.

While the buildings bordering the waterway lack the elegance and historic beauty of the palaces on the Grand canal, they are comfortable quarters.

Uses for Whalebone.

Whalebone is principally used in parts for making whips, corset stays and stiffening for silk dresses. Germany and England get a good share indigenous.



THE CHESTERFIELD MODEL

The best type of the tailor's art is displayed in this costume, of which the coat is cut upon the Chesterfield model, its many and well-curved seamed defined with rows of silk stitching, collar and lapels after the accepted tailored model, sleeve a trifle fuller on the top than usual, and the long circular skirts cut so that they hang faultlessly. One of the soft French serges is employed, a stone gray in color. The double-breasted fastening is, cut with self-buttons placed in a double row, and smaller ones of the same kind appear on the cuff. The skirt shows two deep inverted pleats, concealing the bias seam that appears down the front; these are neatly pressed flat from bunt to hem; and a plain machine-stitched hem is the only finish that is accorded at the foot.

### APPEAL OF POWERS DOCKETED

Question of Jurisdiction in Case Now Before Highest Tribunal.

Washington, Aug. 31.—The appeal of the state of Kentucky in its case against Caleb Powers, under prosecution on the charge of being a party to the murder of Gov. Goebel, docketed in the supreme court of the United States. The state's appeal is from the decision of Judge Cochran of the federal court, and the only question involved is that of jurisdiction. The name of former Gov. Black of New York and former Gov. Yates of Illinois appear in the list of Powers' attorneys.

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Cholera Dead, 6; Cases, 20.

Berlin, Aug. 31.—Reichsanziger

officially reports twenty cholera cases and six deaths have occurred in West Prussia, near the Weichsel river. Most of the victims had been in immediate touch with Russian rivermen. The Prussian government is sending physicians from other parts of Germany to assist the local health authorities.

To Fight for Clean Money.

Washington, Aug. 31.—Representative John Wesley Gaines, of Tennessee, will renew his efforts in the next Congress to have a bill passed making it compulsory for banks to send the treasury department all old bills when \$1,000 worth has been accumulated and have new bills issued for them.

Industrial Dividends Large.

New York, Aug. 31.—Total industrial dividends payable in September will rise above \$14,200,000. This is an increase of more than \$3,500,000 over September a year ago.

London Ships Out Bulion.

London, Aug. 31.—Billion amounting to £3,000,000 will be withdrawn from the bank of England for shipment to South America.

THE NORTHWESTERN LINE

TICKET AGENT

C. & N.-W. Ry.

THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD

Special low round-trip rates account G. A. R. Encampment at Denver; August 30 to September 4, via the

Chicago, Union Pacific and North-Western Lines

Only one night to Denver. Two fast through trains daily

Beloit, \$19.35.

Janesville, \$19.80.

Madison, \$28.15.

Special G. A. R. train, personally conducted, with

out extra charge. Through sleeping cars leave

Madison 2:00 p. m., Janesville 3:13 p. m.

Beloit 3:35 p. m., Saturday, September 2.

Information, hotel lists, descriptive booklets, etc., free on application.

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Information, hotel lists, descriptive booklets, etc., free on application.

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# Over the Border

By...  
ROBERT  
BARR.  
Author of "Jennie Baxter," Etc.

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## CHAPTER XXVIII.

**H**OWEVER graceful the Frenchman might be on foot, and no one denied his elegance of bearing, he was but an amateur on horseback, and when his steed unexpectedly plunged forward he relinquished the reins and grasped the mane. For one brief moment the attention of the troop was diverted toward the unexplained antics of the maddened horse and the imminent overthrow of its rider. If it had been the horse of Armstrong that had begun these dancings, his guards would have been instantly on the alert for an attempted escape, but at the very moment their eyes should have been on the Scot their attention was withdrawn. Armstrong did not laugh, but, thrusting back his knife, whipped out his sword and struck De Courcy's horse twice with the broad of it. His own steed leaped forward under the prick of the spur and before the colonel could give a word of command the two had disappeared in the fog ahead. Even then the colonel, who was the only man that had his wits about him, did not think there was the least chance of escape, for he heard the troop coming toward him, and Armstrong must run directly into it. He rose in his stirrups to give the alarm to those ahead, when all heard a ringing shout: "Charge, cavaliers! God save the king! Charge!"

Out of the fog came a spattering fire, then volley. Two horses and three men went down, while the other troopers hastily unsling their carbines and fired down the street without waiting for the word of command.

"Stop, you fools!" yelled the colonel. "You are shooting your own men." Then to the oncomers he roared a like warning, which was drowned in another volley. The Lichfield men were not to be taken in, even if they had heard the warning. With their own eyes they had seen two cavaliers burst upon them out of the fog with a strident cry for the king. De Courcy, coming first, they concentrated upon him, and he went down before them. Armstrong, swinging his sword, smiting right and left, bellowing like a mad in true cavalier style, a very Prince Rupert come again, dashed at the weakest spot, and his impetuosity carried all before him.

"Never mind him!" cried the leader as some would have pursued. "Fire, and break their charge!" And so they did right stoutly until a maddened officer, with a bravery that scorned the bullets around him, galloped along their front, waving his sword and commanding them to stop.

"You are killing your own men!" There are no royalists, but an interfering fool of a Frenchman and an escaped Scot. Back to Lichfield! Nevertheless a battle is not quelled at a word, and the brave colonel pressed through among them and galloped in pursuit of his late prisoner.

Once clear of the clash Armstrong was not sparing of a horse that belonged to some one else. At great risk to his neck he raced through the blind fog, sword in hand, ready for further opposition should he meet it. He emerged from the fog with a suddenness that startled him. The sun had set, and there, barely a mile away, stood out against the darkening sky the great red bulk of the cathedral with its war-broken towers and the little town huddled at its feet. At the same moment he became aware that some one was thundering after him, and again he dug the cruel spur into the laboring horse.

A glance over his shoulder showed him the colonel breaking through the bank of fog, and he thought of turning and fighting him on the run, but the sound of firing had ceased, and he knew the colonel would prove a stouter combatant than the Frenchman, so he hurried on. Aside from this, Lichfield had been roused by the sound of the guns, and he saw the long narrow street that lay between him and the cathedral becoming alive with pikemen and knew he would have his work cut out for him if he was to get safely through the town. As soon as he came within gunshot he shouted to them:

"Barbicide the street! The king is upon us. I have just escaped. Our men are on the retreat. Defend the town to the south. Barbicide! Barbicide!" Thus he clattered through Lichfield, shouting. The soldiers began the running out of carts and whatever other obstructions they could lay their hands upon to make the way difficult for the encouning colonel, who swore as loudly at their stupidity as if he were the king's own.

"What are you about, you accursed oldthoppers? Don't you know a king's man when you see one? Leave that rubbish and follow me to the cathedral."

Armstrong's horse, nearly done, staggered over the bridge and up the slight incline that led to the cathedral precincts. Across the grounds surrounding the church had been raised a great earthwork, and the battered west front of the sacred building showed that war had been no respecter of sculptured beauty. A lone pikeman paced up and down before the cathedral door, but paused as he saw this impudent rider whose horse had stumbled and fallen at the top of the rubbish heap.

"What do you there?" shouted Armstrong, springing nimbly from his fallen horse. "Didn't you hear the firing? Down to the street and help your comrades! The town is attacked! Run!"

Manchester I think you are fairly safe. So I propose we ride now for the main road, and keep going as long as our horses are able to travel."

"Agreed! But, following your own instructions, what are we to say when we are stopped? We have no pass, so how am I to account for myself?"

"You are a Roundhead soldier, sent on to Manchester by the colonel" at Lichfield."

"I look like a Roundhead soldier," cried William, with a laugh.

"You will. It is always well to have some one in a traveling party who can think. Have you not noticed the 16d car carry behind your saddle?"

Armstrong turned. The rising moon displayed a steel cap that looked like an overturned pot, and a bundle of cloth, all neatly stripped off.

"The cathedral is a storehouse for uniforms and accoutrements enough to fit out a regiment. I selected the largest suit I could find, with cloak and cap and belted them to your saddle. Now I shall hold your horse while you into the thicket and change your uniform. Conceal your cavalier costume as well as you can; so that if they trace us over this fog sodden turf, which is likely, they will get no hint of your new appearance. It might be well to climb a tree and tie your discarded shell among the leaves with the straps that bind the bundle to your horse, and be careful to leave neither the king's message nor your purse with your armor."

"Sauveur! Sanctuary!" shouted Armstrong, raising his sword aloft, standing under the arched doorway, steadfast as one of the stone knights beside him.

In spite of the cursing of the colonel, in spite of the battered condition of the great church, in spite of the comparatively fragile young woman bade him, she holding his horse while he made the rapid change. When he emerged the horse plunged, and she had some ado to hold him until he heard his master's voice and laugh.

They speedily came upon the main road and entered on through the peaceful night, determined to put fifty miles or thereabout between themselves and Lichfield, but before they had accomplished half that distance Armstrong saw that the girl was completely exhausted in spite of her declaimers, for aside from the tiresome day's travel she had had little sleep the night before. It was most tempting to push on, for the night was perfect and the road was good. Even though they passed through several villages they were not questioned. Soldiers in drab cloaks and steel caps were too common on the road to cause comment, and they were as yet in advance of any news of escape.

"Break down that door!" he heard the colonel roar outside, while the impetuous William clasped the girl in his arms and kissed her.

"Lassie, I'm glad to meet you again, although it's just dark enough in this place for the seeing of any one."

The young woman shook herself free.

"We wasted too much time at that before. Let it be a lesson to us. This place is stable. Our horses are well fed, and the saddles are still on them."

"But is there a way out?"

"Yes; a small door in the northeast corner. Come."

"It will be guarded surely."

"No, I think they wanted me to escape, for they went out that way after barring the front door. But they didn't think you would be with me when I took my leave. Come quickly or they will be round to it from the front."

The two made their way to the farther end of the cathedral, where the horses were stalled. The vast nave was dark and would soon be black as a cellar until the moon rose. It was used as a military storehouse, as a stable, and as a dormitory for troops when the accommodation in the town was overtaxed. As Armstrong and his companion stumbled over obstructions toward the horses, the spacious chamber rang with the impact of timber against the stubborn doors.

Frances, knowing the geography of the place, led the way with her horse, and Armstrong followed with his.

Once outside, there was more light than he wished for, but their way to the rear was clear, and, mounting, he took the lead, crossing an alpine ridge which had done duty during the siege, and taking a somewhat terrifying leap down to the greensward of the field at the back of the cathedral. Then they ran north through a slight valley and for the moment were safe from observation.

"The moon will be up soon," said the young man, "and I don't know whether to welcome it or fear it."

"We shall do neither, as we have no influence one way or another, and must bear its disadvantages or the reverse, as chance wills. Now tell me what happened. How did you escape?"

The tale was soon told, half humorously, as if it were an escape rather than an escape, and the narrator wound up with a determination to avoid the main road in future.

"I give you full credit for great ingenuity, but we stumbled upon the parliamentary bus with no plane made. Everything has been done on the spur of the moment, and has not been thought out before the crisis came. A few chance remarks got us clear at Warwick, while inspiration and a fog were your safety at Lichfield, and even then by one brief instant of time. The recurrence of such strokes of luck and good management are not to be looked for. Some time the moment needed will go against us, and then all is lost. I propose we take to the main road again, which must be near at hand on our left."

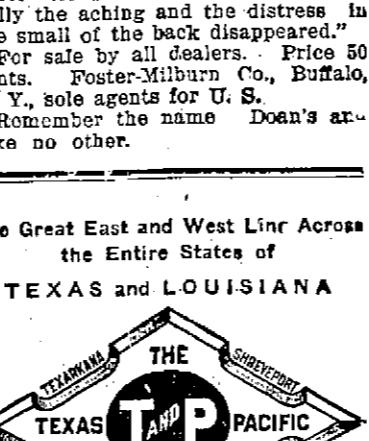
"You forget we have no pass from Cromwell now. The lieutenant has it."

"You will have a pass for yourself the moment you are north of Manchester, which cannot be more than fifty miles away. We must get over those miles as speedily as possible. Therefore the main road is our route."

"Yes, if it were practicable. Surely danger lies thick along the main road."

"I do not think so. While in the cathedral I heard troop after troop of men going northward. They will carry the news of your capture, but not of your escape. Until they beat in the door of the cathedral and search the place thoroughly no messenger will be sent north. We are ahead of them once more, with the news of your capture traveling in front of us. We will keep ahead so long as we ride fast and until we stop somewhere for the night. Then they, having relays of horses, while we have only our own, will pass us. We cannot ride all night or we shall kill our horses. But we can cover a good deal of the ground between here and Manchester. Once north of

the Great East and West Line Across the Entire States of TEXAS and LOUISIANA



No trouble to answer questions.

New Dining Cars (Meals a la carte) between Texas and St. Louis.

Write for new book on Texas. Free.

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Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00 per bottle, postpaid. Circular seal on reverse.

Buy it in Janesville.

## Labor Notes

Although only 197,000 workers are employed in the shoe industry in the United States as against 230,000 in the United Kingdom, the United States manufactures more shoes than any other country in the world.

The six federated railroad brotherhoods, embracing the orders of trainmen, electrical workers, conductors, firemen, engineers and telegraphers annually observe a "Railroader's Memorial Day" on June 18.

In pursuing its campaign for the union label, the San Francisco Labor Council will issue a circular letter to every householder urging the patronage of union label goods.

For the first time in many months work in the anthracite coal regions was suspended during the first week in July, when the Lehigh Valley Company shut down its collieries for the week.

All the mines of the Western Fuel Company on Vancouver, B. C. have been closed down. The issue between the miners and company has been shifted, and from now on it will be a straight fight for recognition of the union.

The Georgia Child Labor bill will probably pass.

The Little Coal Company of Texas has surrendered the government officials 1,819 pieces of brass which have been used by the company in paying wages to its miners and accepted as cash at various stores of the town.

300 York, Pa., chain makers are on strike.

The net effect of all the changes in rates of British wages reported in April was an increase in wages of over 250 pounds per week.

Under the New Zealand Shops and Offices Act, it has been decided that the word "shop" in the Act includes refreshment-room.

A child Labor bill is now before the Georgia legislature.

The next convention of the Women's International Union Labor League will not be held until 1907. It will take place at Millville, N. J.

Preparations have been started in New York to organize 12,000 Italian women workers that they may make demands for higher wages.

Do you suffer with indigestion, constipation, feel mean and cross, no strength or appetite? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well, and keep you well. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Smith Drug Co.

If you want the family to be healthy, strong and active, give them Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea this month. Makes rich, red blood, bone and muscle. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Smith Drug Co.

It is a strange thing how people will put away an opportunity until too late; it's only little things that go to make up our daily existence; the trouble is we don't pay sufficient attention to them. Backache is a little thing. Sometimes it comes after a hard day's work or a slight cold. It will pass off, you say; it's only the result of overtaxing my back. It isn't the fault of your back or your kidneys. The exertion or straining has interfered with their delicate mechanism. You call it backache, but it really is kidneyache. If the kidneys are not relieved, chronic disorders set in and this is where the "little thing" should not be passed over. A Janesville man has learned to appreciate what delay means.

M. H. W. Rodgers, carpenter of 210 South Main street says "My wife had kidney complaints and rheumatism for five years suffering a great deal from pain across the loins. Dean's Kidney Pills, sold by the People's Drug Co., brought much longed for and gratifying results. First there was no visible change and she came to the conclusion that they were like all other remedies she had tried but finally the aching and the distress in the small of the back disappeared."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for U. S.

Remember the name Doan's are taking no other.

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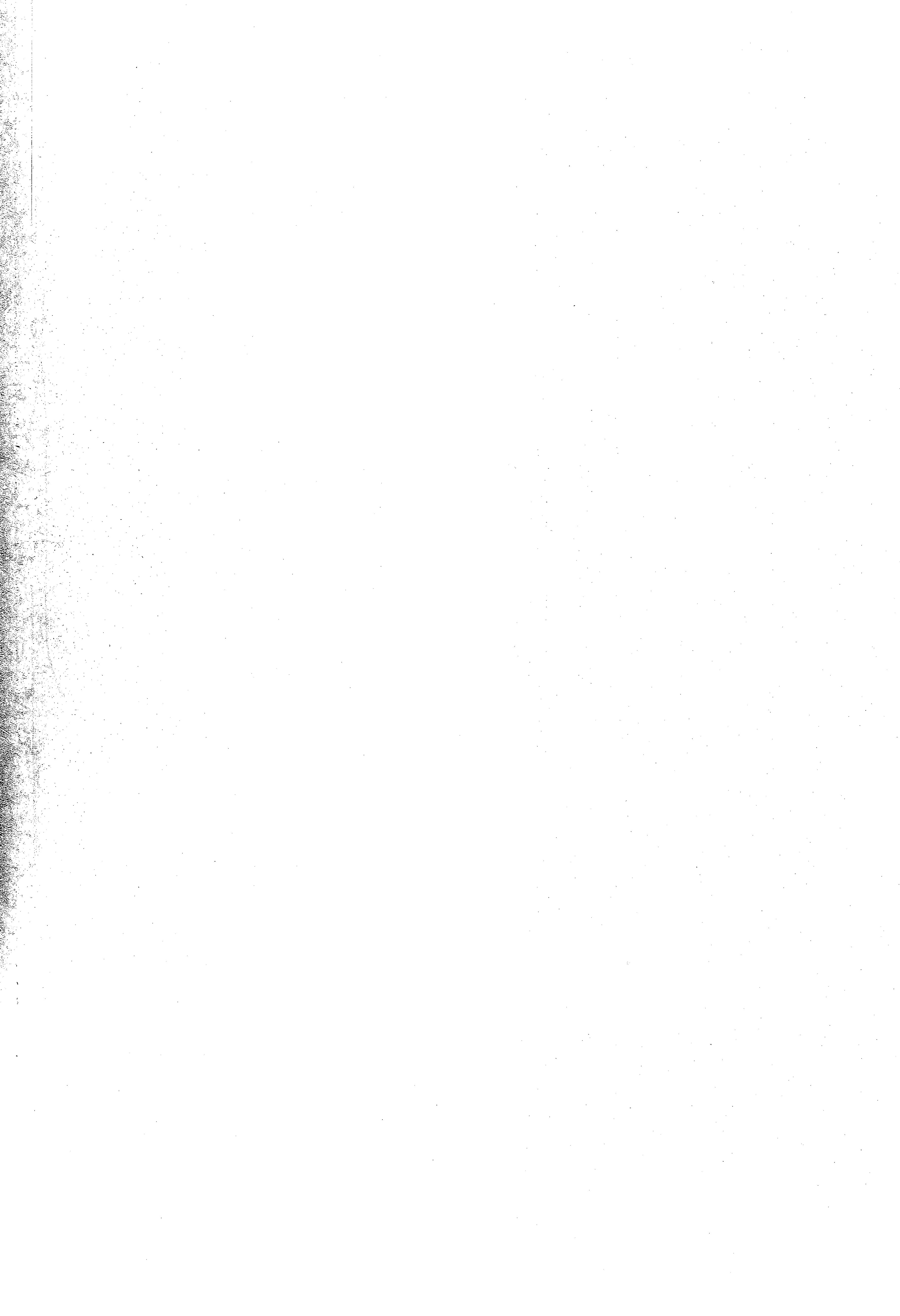
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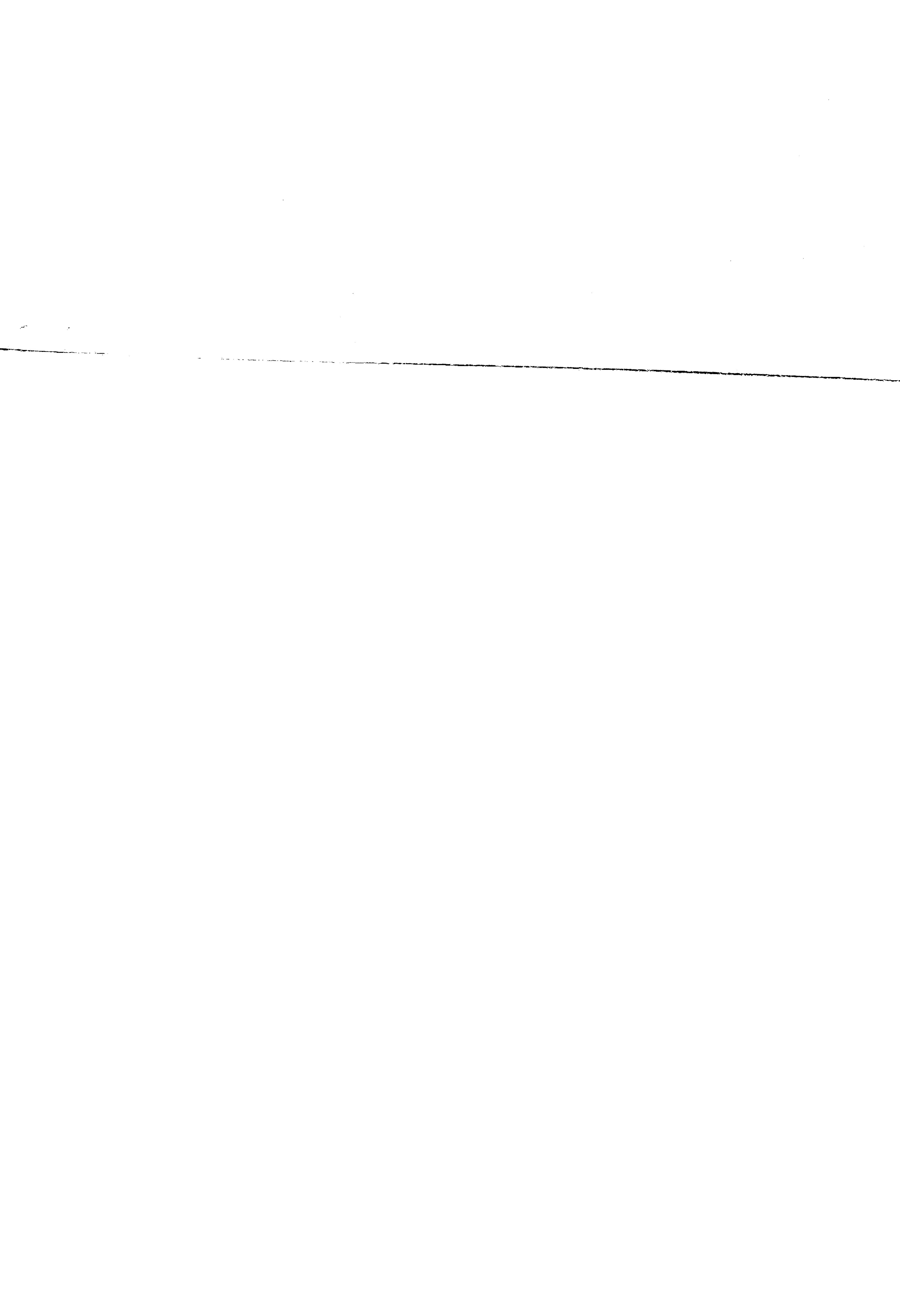
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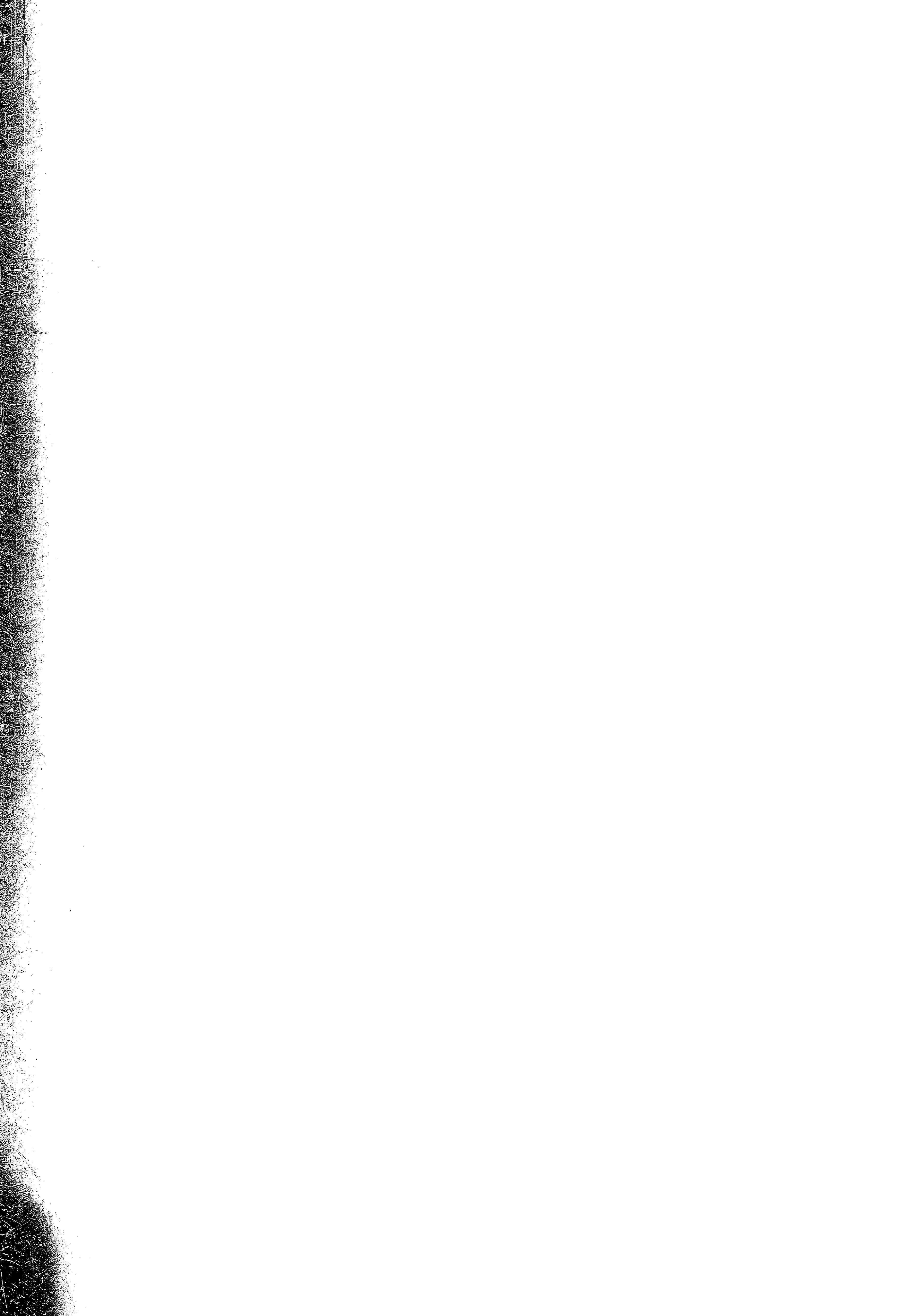












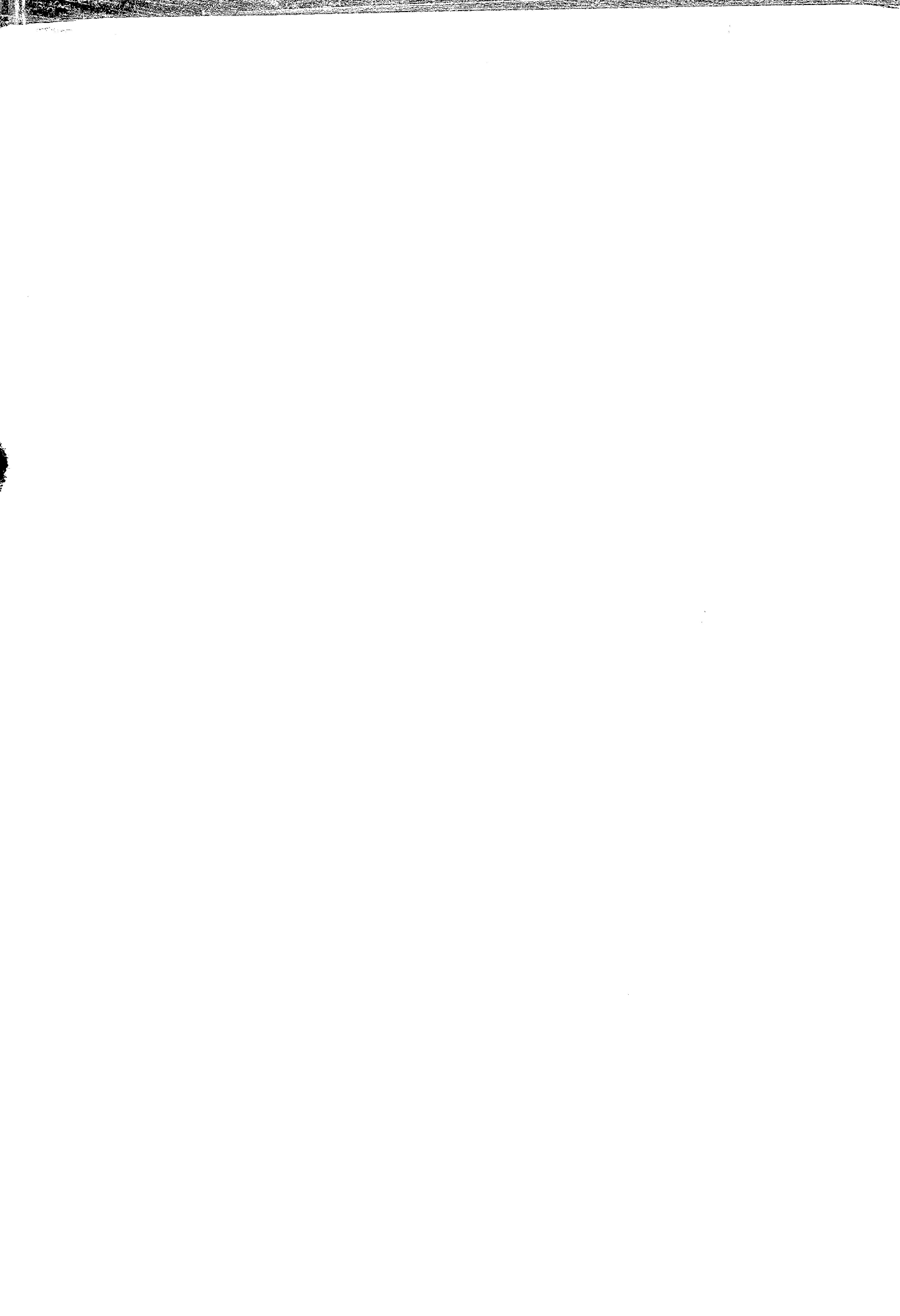


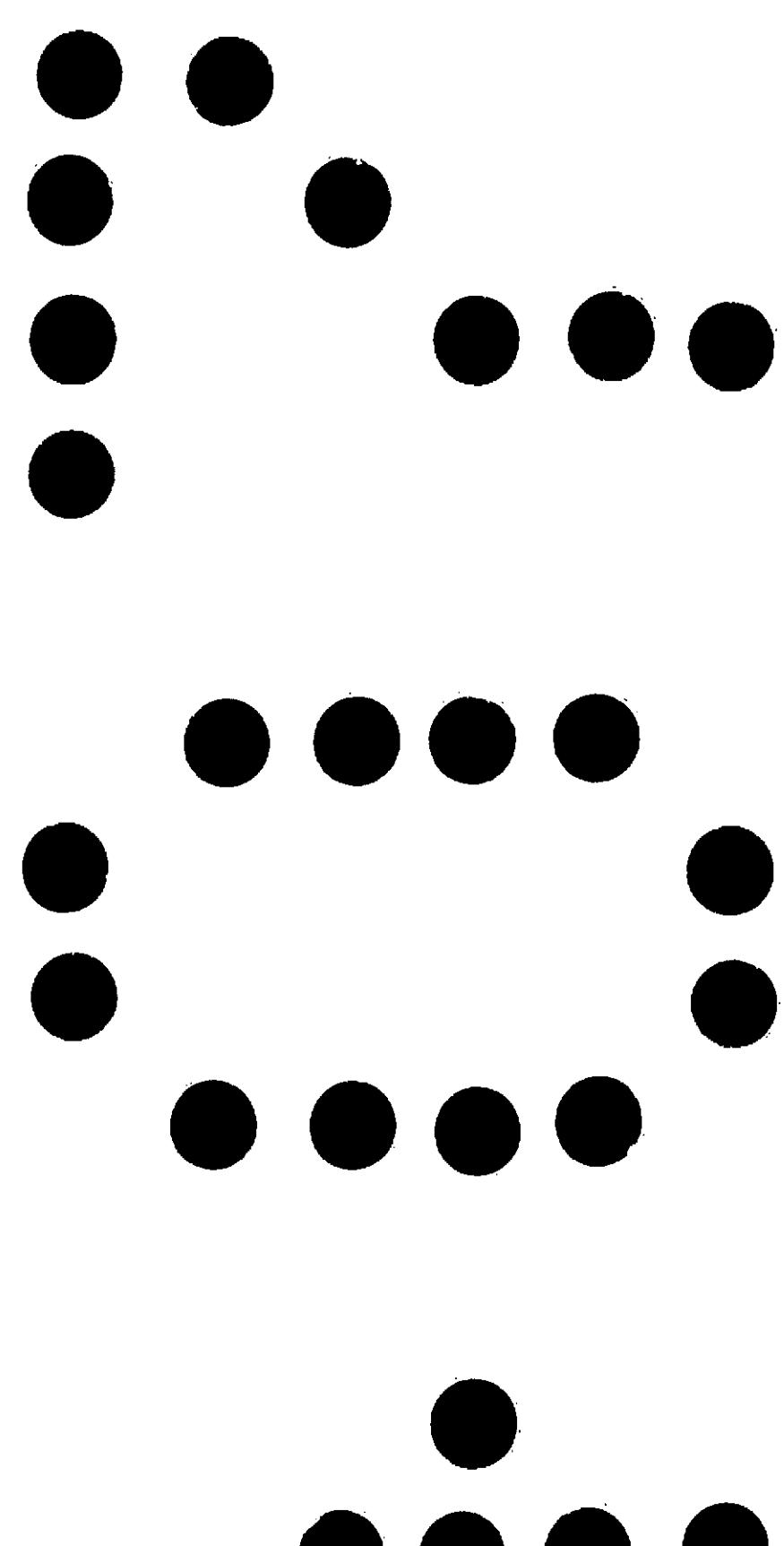


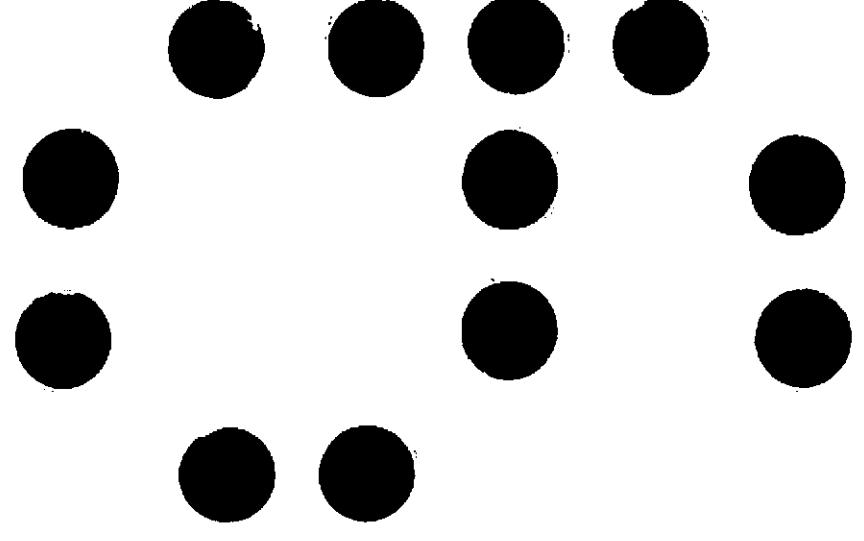
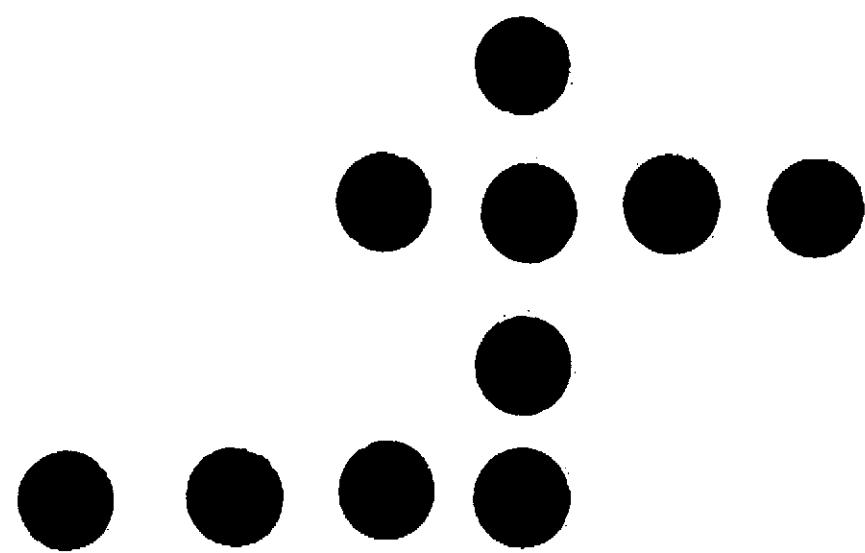
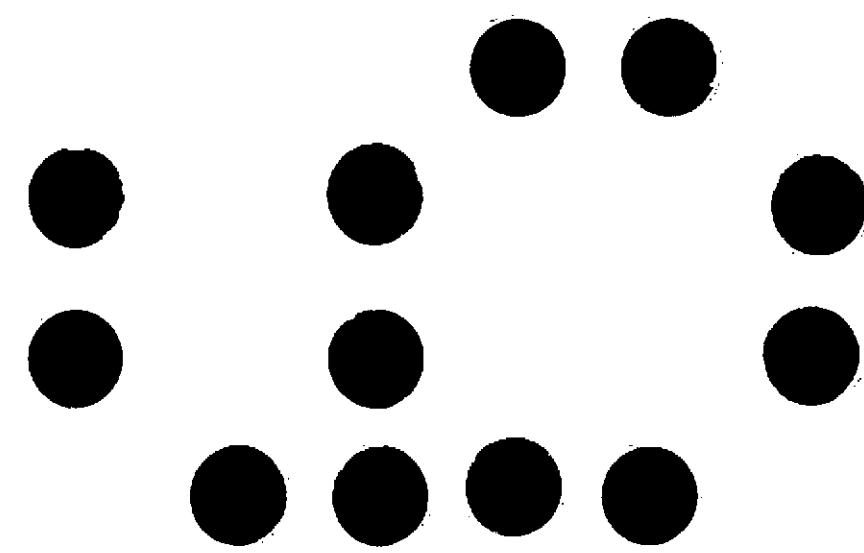
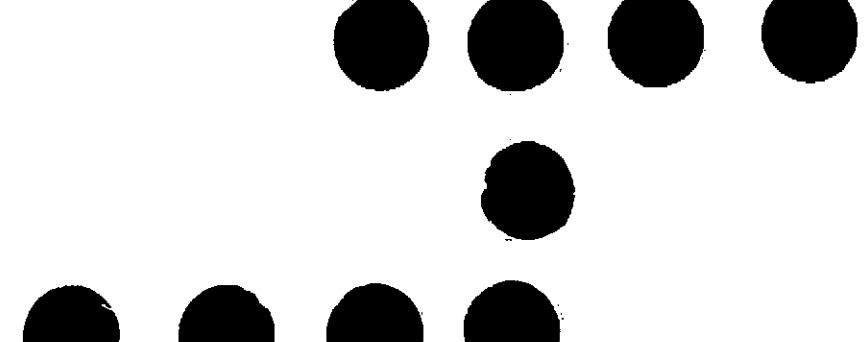


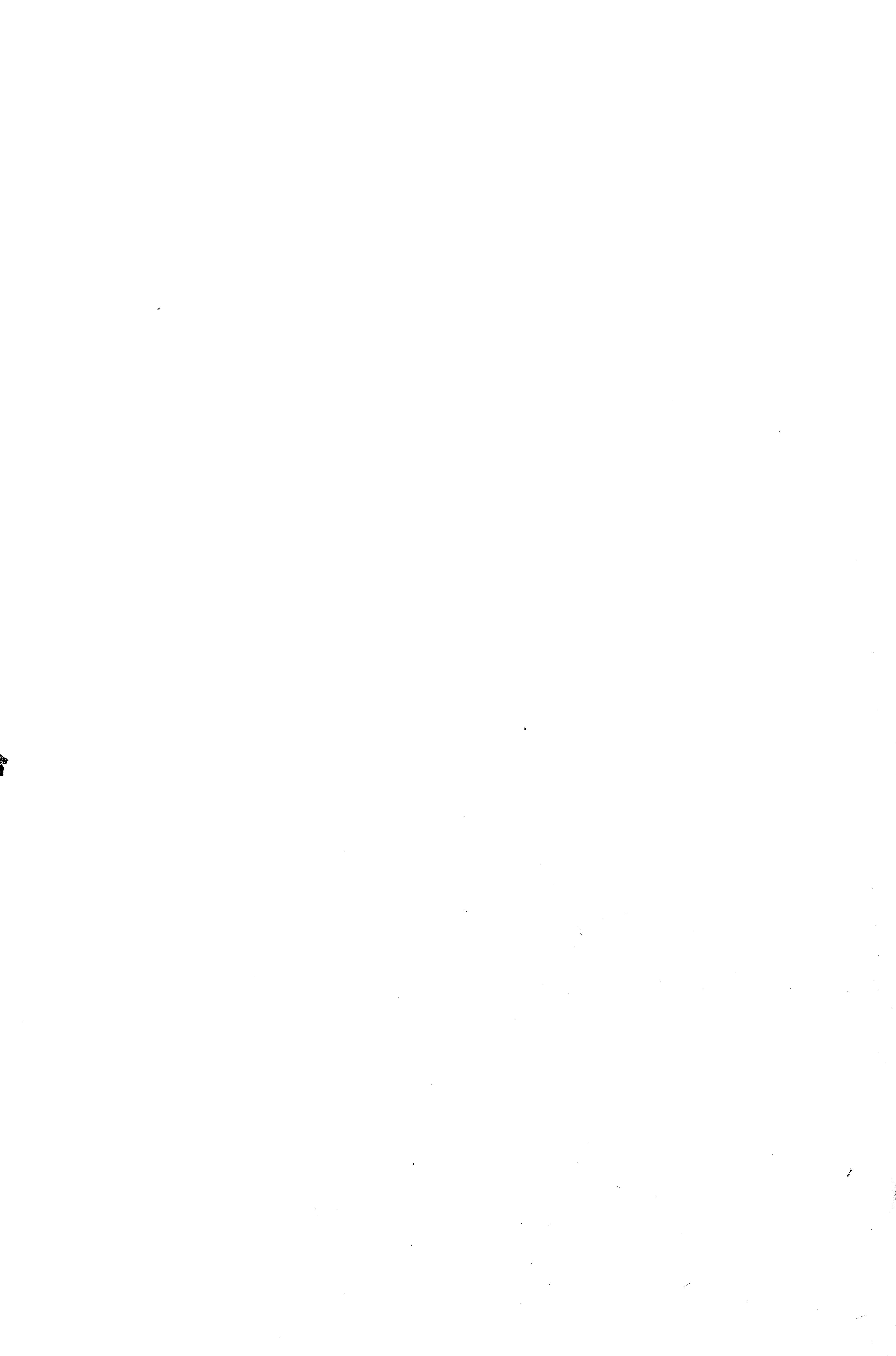






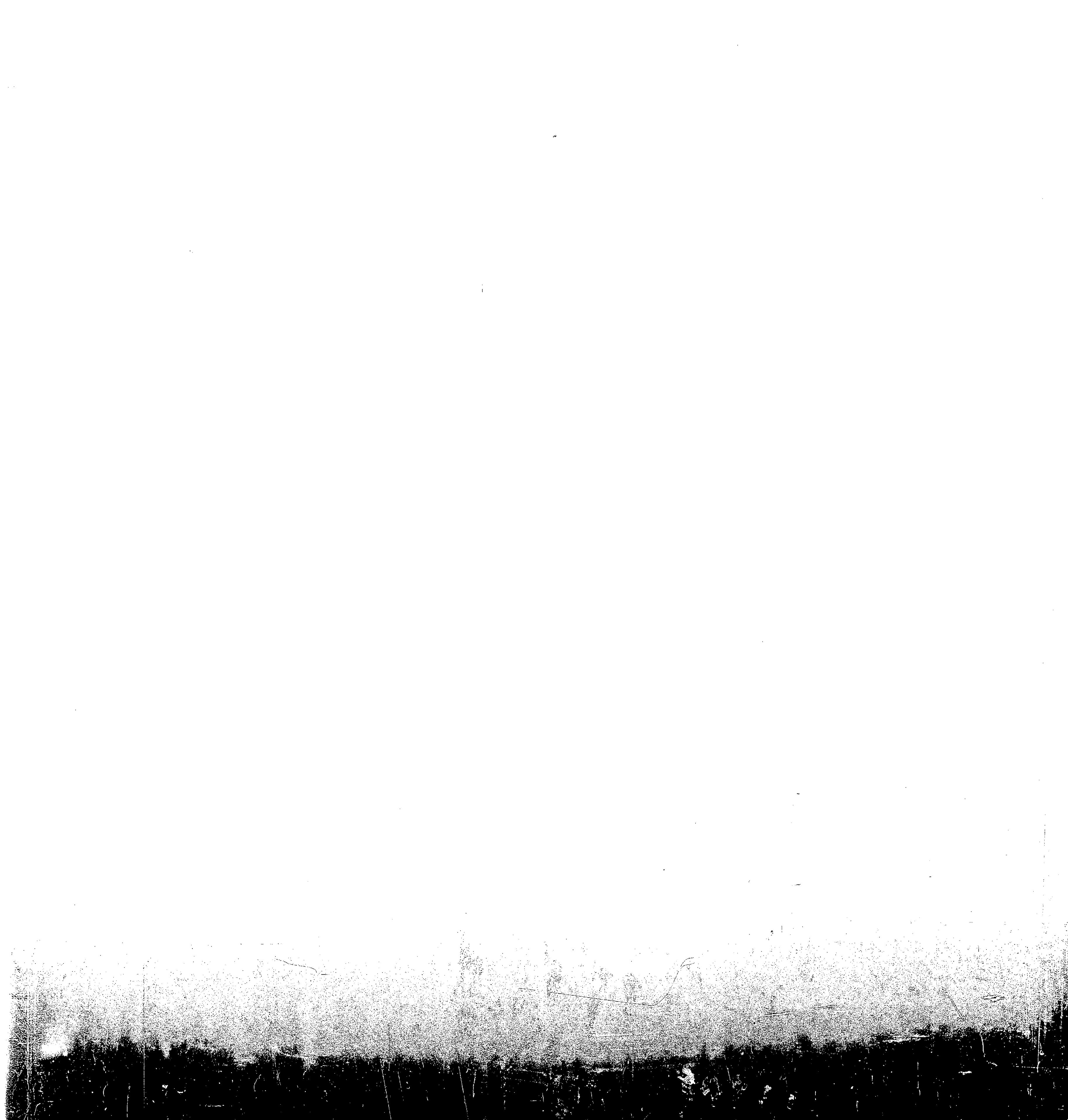












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